

Oxford Practice Grammar

Tests

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Intermediate Tests

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Test A Tenses – present

A			conversation b		students	. Then look a	at the answers below and write	the
			Who is	•	helle talki	na to?		
	Amy: Lisa: Amy:		I can't see Miche		rene cana	19 10.		
			You ¹		na in the	right place. Sh	he's over there.	
			Oh, that's Adriar					
		sa:			he live? ³		vou know?	
	Amy: Lisa: Amy:		No, I ⁴					
			What ⁵					
					-		e's got a very bored expression on his	:
			face. And he ⁷		saying anything.		. 3 got a very borea expression of this	,
			b) do					
	1	a) aren'	t b) doe:	sn't c) do	n't	d) isn't		
	2	a) are	b) do b) Do t b) doe	c) do	es	d) is		
	3	a) Are	b) D0	C) DC	es ••/•	d) Is		
	4	a) aren	b) doe:	sn t c) do	n t	d) 'm notd) is		
			t b) doe:	c) do	n't	d) is d) isn't		
			t b) doe:					
	ea		having				d the sun ¹ you think of that?	
							at a table in our hotel	
							like the food very much.	
		Rut it 5	nd witting a lew.	matter heca	e, but we	***************************************	out to a restaurant every	
		evening		matter beet	adse we		out to a restaurant every	
		`	-	verv la	azv at the	moment. I 8	up quite late	
							ou know of course how much	
		Dan's w	ork ¹⁰	to hir	m and how	v he's ¹¹	talking about it.	
							So it's the perfect holiday. The ey. But we'll worry about that later.	
C	Ea	ach of th	nese sentences	has a mistake	in it. Wr	ite the corre	ect sentence.	
	•		ldren is doing the					
			_					
	1	The girl	s are play tennis	at the moment.				
	2	Both m	y brothers likes s	port.				•••••••

3	An	ina wearing her new coat to	oday.	
4	Wł	nat colour you like best?		
5		/ suitcase is weighing ten ki	los.	
6	At	the moment I stay at a hote	el.	
7	Ro	bert catch the same bus ev	ery morning.	
8	Wł	nat is this word here mean?		
		olete the conversations. he Present Continuous o	Put in the correct form of each verb. or the Present Simple.	
•	A: B:	Is Jessica in, please? Yes, but Ithink She's washing	(I / think) she's busy at the moment. (she / wash) her hair.	
1	B:	But cars	(I / think) of buying a new car. (cost) so much money. What's wrong with t (it / get) old and unreliable now.	the one we've got?
2		Thank you. The trouble is _	(look) nice. (they / not / fit) properly. (l / not / know) why I bought them, really.	
3	A: B:	Whathow many stamps to put of	(I / weigh) this parcel. (I	/ need) to know
4			(I / think) this road is really dangerous. Look how fas (go). (I / agree). People shouldn't go so fast.	t that lorry
5	A:		(I / like) musicals. And this is a great show, isn't it? (you / enjoy) it?	
6	A:		(I / love) every minute of it. (I / always / fall) asleep. I just can't keep awake. (you / go) to bed?	
	A:	About ten o'clock usually.	But (it / not / make) any di	ifference.
7	B: A:		(I / live) at a guest house at the moment as (I / look) for a flat. So could you send them to my we ave the goods by the end of the week,	ork address?
8	B:	Why	(I / not / understand) why	(you / be)

Test B Past Simple and Past Continuous

A	Pι	it in the Past Simple of th	ne verbs in brackets.	
	♦	The car stopped	(stop) at the lights.	
	1	We	(leave) the cinema before the end of the film.	
	2	The streets	(be) crowded with people.	
	3	My grandmother	(die) last year.	
	4	Everyone	(have) a marvellous time.	
	5		(not / like) the food they gave us.	
	6	Claire	(go) to Egypt last month.	
	7	The accident	(happen) last weekend.	
	8		(not / be) a very comfortable journey.	
	9	I	(know) that ages ago.	
B	W	rite a second sentence th	nat has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in	n brackets.
	•	There were lights on the sp The spacecraft had lights of	pacecraft. (had) pn it.	
	1	I had my old coat on. (wear	ring)	
	2	I was on holiday, and you v		
	3	It isn't true that I made a m	istake. (didn't)	
	4	The boys were in the midd	le of a game of cards. (playing)	
	5	No one told me about the	change of plan. (know)	
	6	My friend was the winner of	of the competition. (won)	
	7	ls it a fact that the Romans	built this wall? (did)	
C		It was a fine day * when Britain. The sun was 1 west. I was pleased that it 3 In fact I 5 along the coast. Write Wellburn, past a café where past Wellburn I 8 10 getting wa	Ince walker. Look at this part of her diary describing the missing words. Use one word only in each space. I started out on the last part of my walk around the company and a light wind blowing from the raining. I knew by now that I blowing from the raining. I knew by now that I blowing from the lovely little fishing village of the people having morning coffee. Three mile down for five minutes and having morning coffee. Three mile down for five minutes and having morning coffee. I having morning coffee. Three mile down for five minutes and having morning coffee. I having morning coffee. Three mile down for five minutes and having morning coffee. I having morning coffee. Three mile down for five minutes and having morning coffee. I have	re. Past of south- like rain. of s
			iust after half past twelve.	,

	The hotel were ver	, ,		correct sentenc	_
1	It was peaceful, an	•	ng.		
2	I washed my hair v	vhen my phone rai	ng.		
3	You came not to the	ne club last night.			
4	It taked ages to ge	t home.			
5	We tried to keep q	uiet because the b	aby sleeping.		
6	As I was watching	him, the man was	suddenly running aw	/ay.	
7	We pass a petrol st	ation two minutes	ago.		
8	Everything was see	eming OK.			
9	Where bought you	ı that bag?			
10	When I heard the a	alarm, I was leaving	the room immediate	ely.	
	ast Simple.	ences. Put in the	correct form of eac	ch verb. Use the	e Past Continuous or
	when Martin arriv	ed (ar	rive) home, Anna wa	s talking	(talk) to someone on the
4	phone. Martin <u>sta</u>	rted (s	start) to get the tea.		_ (talk) to someone on the
1	phone. Martin <u>sta</u>	rt <i>ed</i> (s (lie) in the bath	start) to get the tea. In when the alarm		
1	phone. Martin sta	rted (s (lie) in the bath (stop) after a few (be) cold when	start) to get the tea. In when the alarm In we seconds.		
	phone. Martin sta	rted (s (lie) in the bath (stop) after a fev (be) cold when (fall).	start) to get the tea. In when the alarm In seconds. In we In (come) here the other	(leave) the l	(ring). It
2	It snow Your friend who	(see) the bath (stop) after a few (be) cold when (fall).	start) to get the tea. In when the alarm In seconds. In we In (come) here the other In gher. In we man, he	(leave) the h	(ring). It nouse that day, and a light
2	It snow Your friend who I When I	(see) the (have) a black ba	when the alarm when the alarm when the alarm we come here the other here. I come here the other here. I man, he man, he man he	(leave) the her day(stand)	(ring). It nouse that day, and a light (seem) very nice.
2 3 4	phone. Martin stall	(see) the (walk) along th	start) to get the tea. In when the alarm In seconds. In we In (come) here the other In gher. In man, he In man, he In aseball cap on. In the cupboard door, a place of the street when I sudden.	(leave) the her day (stand) pile of books (enly (stand))	(ring). It nouse that day, and a light (seem) very nice. outside the bank. He
2 3 4 5	phone. Martin stall	(see) the (walk) along th	start) to get the tea. In when the alarm In seconds. In we In (come) here the other In g her. In man, he In man, he In aseball cap on. In the cupboard door, a present when I sudde In mot / know) what I don yesterday, but on	(leave) the her day (stand) pile of books enly ent it was. the way we	(ring). It nouse that day, and a light (seem) very nice. outside the bank. He (fall) out.

Test C Present Perfect and Past Simple

Pι	ut in the past participles o	f the verbs in bracke	ets.
♦	We've found	(find) all the ans	wers.
1	Have you	(wash) the ca	ar?
2	You haven't(eat) very much.		much.
3	They've	(open) a new s	supermarket.
4	You've	(write) it in pen	cil.
5	l've	(make) the sandwi	ches.
6	We've	(have) our lunch	n.
7	United have	(score) a g	goal.
8	The balloon has	(land)	in a field.
9	Who's	(break) this glass	s?
10	It's warm because the heati	ng has	(be) on.
11	Have you	(sell) your fla	t yet?
12	l've		
•	My hair is tidy now. I 've brus		s on from the first. Use the Present Per ny hair
1	The door is open. Someone	<u> </u>	the door.
2	This is Oliver's drawing. Loo	k, Oliver	a picture.
3 The dish is broken. Someone the dish.		the dish.	
4	United are the winners. Uni	ted	the game.
5	There's no more wine in the	bottle. We	all the wine.
6	The floor is clean now. I		the floor.
7	I know my number now. I		my number by heart.
8	The guests are here now. The	ne guests	
9	I'm still working on my proje	ect. I	with my project yet.
D	ecide which word is corre	ct.	
•	I'd like to borrow this book. a) done b) for c) just		?
1	Ben writes very quickly. He's a) already b) been c) for		finished his essay.
	a) just b) long c) since	d) yet	t decided
	a) been b) gone c) just	d) yet	
4	a) ever b) for c) just d)	long	
5	a) for b) last c) since d) this	
	I haven't seen that coat before	1.1	have you had it?

a) already b) for c) long d) since

 Christopher has hurt his hand, but it's OK now. The directors have arrived half an hour ago, but they didn't stay long. It's raining, and Peter has left his umbrella behind, look. It's a long time since your friends have last visited us. None of you have called me for weeks. Aren't we friends any more? We can play tennis now. The others have finished. The company has bought some land, but then it sold it. The TV isn't on now. Someone has turned it off. Tessa has posted the parcel. It's on its way to you. Several bombs have gone off in the city centre. It has happened an hour ago. 	r has out of
a) already b) before c) for d) since 9 This is the first	r has out of
9 This is the first	r has out of
a) already b) since c) that d) time 10 This programme must be new. I've	r has out of
10 This programme must be new. I've	r has out of
a) ever b) never c) since d) yet D Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not I sentence is correct, put a tick (√). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary have on the sentence and write it in the space. ◆ Susan has lost her keys. She can't find them anywhere. ◆ Christopher has hurt his hand, but it's OK now. 1 The directors have arrived half an hour ago, but they didn't stay long. 2 It's raining, and Peter has left his umbrella behind, look. 3 It's a long time since your friends have last visited us. 4 None of you have called me for weeks. Aren't we friends any more? 5 We can play tennis now. The others have finished. 6 The company has bought some land, but then it sold it. 7 The TV isn't on now. Someone has turned it off. 8 Tessa has posted the parcel. It's on its way to you. 9 Several bombs have gone off in the city centre. It has happened an hour ago.	r has out of
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8 Tessa has posted the parcel. It's on its way to you. 9 Several bombs have gone off in the city centre. It has happened an hour ago.	
9 Several bombs have gone off in the city centre. It has happened an hour ago.	
10. Singara bagalaft lila and Oliver bay a laft after live ab	
10 Simon has left. He and Oliver have left after lunch.	
Put in the Present Perfect or Past Simple of the verbs in brackets.	
↑ I've had (have) these shoes since my 18 th birthday.	
I tidied (tidy) my desk, but now it's in a mess again.	
1 The last time I (go) to Brighton was in August.	
2 I'd like to meet a ghost, but I (go) to brighter was in Adgust.	
3 I've finished my homework. I (do) it before dinner.	
4 And the race is over! And Micky Simpson (win) in a record t	timel
5 I (work) for a computing company for a year. That was after	
6 What time (you / get) to work this morning?	r college.
7 Martin (be) to Greece five times. He loves the place.	
8 The President (come) out of the building and is going to m	nake a sneech
9 You won't believe this, but I've got some tickets for the concert. ~ Oh, well done. How	ике и эресен.
(you / get) them?	
10 Of course I can ride a bike. But I(not / ride) one for years.	
11 Marilyn Monroe(be) in about 30 films.	
12(you / ever / bake) your own bread? ~ No, but I might try it	some time.
13 Julia(be) very ill three years ago.	
14 Someone has left a message for you. They(call) last night.	
15(you / see) the news today? ~ No, not yet. I'll watch it at ten	n o'clock.
16 We moved here in 2003. We (be) here a long time now.	

Test D Tenses – past and perfect

A		Read the conversation. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.				
	Tessa: Hello, Robert. I * haven't seen you for ages.					
	Robert:				at have you ¹	doing lately?
		ssa:				
					job in computer sof	
		bert:			ıffex Plastics when w	
	Tessa:		realized what a ho	orrible job it wou	uld be. But what abo	g before I got fed up. I ⁵ out you? ⁶ you found a job?
	Ro	bert:				r hire company, but then they been looking around for
	Te	ssa:	Well, I'm sure you'	ll find one soon.		
	♦	a) didn'	t b) hadn't	c) haven't	d) wasn't	
	1	a) been				
	2	a) I'd	b) '	c) I'm	d) I've	
	3	a) did	b) had b) been t b) hadn't	c) have	d) were	
	4	a) be	b) been	c) done	d) had	
	5	a) didn'	t b) hadn't	c) haven't	d) wasn't	
	6	a) Did	b) Had	c) Have	d) Were	
			b) had			
			b) going			
			b) I'll			
B		Lucy ha	id a green dress or	n. (wearing)		e first. Use the word in brackets.
	1				is still working. (has)	
	2	Rupert	didn't have his cre	dit card. (forgott	en)	
	3	l didn't	want to go withou	t taking a photo	o. (until)	
	4	Isabelle	has been writing	the report. It is fi	nished now. (writter	n)
	5	My wait	in the queue has	lasted 40 minute	es so far. (I)	
	6	When v	ve arrived, everyor	ne was on the da	ance floor. (dancing)	
	7	The lap	top has been mine	for four years. (had)	
	8	In the n	niddle of our lunch	there was a kno	ock at the door. (who	en)
	9 Dan felt sick from eating too many cakes. (because)					

	ite the sentences correctly.
	I like this dress. I've been having it for ages. I've had it for ages.
1	It was my first day back at work. I was on holiday.
2	I'm quite tired now. I play badminton.
3	I had to sit down. I'd been having a shock.
4	You need a rest. How much have you been working?
5	The robbery happened at midday. Lots of people walked along the street outside.
6	My sister speaks good English. She is practising her English since last summer.
7	At last I have my qualification. I've been passing my exam.
8	Michelle looked really sunburnt. She'd lie in the sun for too long.
9	We got to the coach stop at nine yesterday. But the coach has already gone.
	A: Did you buy (you / buy) anything at the antiques sale yesterday? B: No I wanted (I / want) to buy some jewellery, but I'd left (I / leave) my credit card at home.
	A: Are you still copying those addresses? B: No, that's all of them(I / finish) now.
2	A: The train is never going to get here. B: How long (we / wait) now?
	A: At least half an hour. (we / be) here since ten to five.
3	A: Did you have a nice chat with Tessa? B: No, not really. When (we / drink) our coffee, (she / hurry off home.
4	A: It's terrible about that plane crash, isn't it? B: Yes, awful(I / have) breakfast when(I / hear) the news.
5	A: So you sing in a rock band, do you? How long (you / do) that? B: Oh, since I was 16 (we / do) about a dozen gigs.
6	A: Do you know what Katherine was so upset about yesterday? B: No, I don't. But I'm sure (she / cry). Her eyes looked red. A: Perhaps (she / have) some bad news.
7	A: The shooting was very frightening, I suppose. B: It certainly was. When we (hear) the shot, we all (throw) ourselves to the floor.

Test E Tenses – present and past

A	Co	omplete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb.
	*	A: Are you ready? B: I won't be a moment. I'm doing (I / do) my hair.
	1	A: Could you tell me your address? B: Well,(I / live) in a friend's house at the moment. Luckily(I / find) a place of my own now, but I can't move in until next week.
	2	A: Is this your notebook? B: No, it isn't mine(I / think)(it / belong) to Peter.
	3	A: Can I borrow your calculator, please? B: Well,(I / use) it to work out these figures at the moment(I / start).
	4	A: Why can't you wash your dirty plates sometimes? (you / leave) them in the sink most of the time. B: OK, sorry. The last few weeks (I / have) so little time (I / rush) around all the time.
		One day a man was *walking past a house in Bournemouth when he 1 a woman's voice shouting for help. The man 2 someone 3 probably trying to murder her. He immediately 4 the police. The police came quite quickly, but by then the shouting had 5 However, the man 6 quite sure that he 7 heard cries for help. When the police 8 on the door, there was no answer. So they broke down the door and went in. Inside the house was a woman who had just 9 out of the shower. She explained to the police that she had 10 singing along to the Beatles song 'Help!'.
C		rite a second sentence that has a similar meaning to the first. Begin with the word brackets.
	•	Our trip to Africa was in October. (We) We went to Africa in October.
	1	We've had ten hours of rain. (It)
	2	It's the right thing to do in my opinion. (I)
	3	Our sofa is in a different place now. (We)
	4	It was breakfast time when Lucy called. (I)
	5	Their game of badminton is always on Tuesday. (They)

D	W	rite the correct answer in each space.	
	•	This isn't my first visit to London. <u>I've been</u> here before. a) I'm b) I've been c) I was	
	1	I've got my key. I found it when for something elsa looked b) I've looked c) I was looking	e.
	2	Sorry, I can't stop now to an important meeting. a) I go b) I'm going c) I've gone	
	3	I can't get Tessa on her mobile all afternoon. a) I'm trying b) I try c) I've been trying	
	4	My bank alerted me last week there was no money in my accounta) I'd spent b) I spent c) I was spending	it all.
	5	There's a new road to the motorway it yesterday. a) They'd opened b) They opened c) They've opened	
E	If t	ome of these sentences are correct, and some have a word whithe sentence is correct, put a tick (\checkmark) . If it is incorrect, cross the at of the sentence and write it in the space.	unnecessary word
		Martin has changed his mind about next weekend.	<u> </u>
	•	We were enjoyed the holiday very much.	were
	1	Isabelle is practising the piano.	
	2	It was lucky that we had been decided to buy our tickets in advance.	
	3	We were riding our bikes when suddenly I was felt a pain in my leg.	
	4	We are go camping for three weeks every summer.	
	5	They have planted some new trees last year.	
	6	I suddenly realized I had been walking in the wrong direction.	
	7	Did you know that Anna has been won a prize?	
	8	No one told me that the goods had arrived the week before.	
F	Cc	omplete the news report. Put each verb into the correct form.	
		The actress Vanessa Kemp • has disappeared (disappear). Yesterday	
		she ¹ (fail) to arrive at the Prince Charles Theatre	
		in London's West End for her leading role in the comedy <i>Don't Look</i>	
		Now!. Ms Kemp, who ² (live) in Hampstead,	
		(leave) home at four o'clock yesterday afternoon	
		for the theatre, a journey she ⁴ (make) several times the week before. Two people who ⁵ (walk)	
		past her home at the time ⁶ (see) her leave. But	
		no one ⁷ (see) her since then. At half past seven	
		she still 8 (not / arrive) at the theatre. At eight	
		o'clock the theatre manager had to break the news to the audience,	
		who ⁹ (wait) patiently for the play to start. Since	
		yesterday, theatre staff and friends ¹⁰ (try) to conta	ct
		Ms Kemp, but they ¹¹ (have) no success so far.	
		The police ¹² (take) the matter seriously, but they	
		(believe) that she is unlikely to be in any danger	
		Her friends all ¹⁴ (want) to hear from her soon.	

Test F The future with will, be going to and present tenses

A	Pu	ut in the missing words. Use one word only in each space.
	♦	I don't want a steak. I think I'll <u>have</u> the chicken.
	1	There's a fireworks display tomorrow. Jessica is to watch it.
	2	We're at that table in the corneryou join us?
	3	I'm seeing the boss this afternoon. But I must study this report before Iher.
	4	There will be drinks at the reception, but there will be any food.
	5	The European heads of state are meet in Brussels on 3 October.
	6	It's a lovely day we go for a walk?
	7	My birthday on a Sunday next year.
	8	My brother is engaged. He's married in June.
	9	You won't be allowed to go to your seat after the play started.
	10	Martin's got his coat on. I think he's to go out.
B	W	rite the sentences correctly.
	♦	I'm hungry. I think I have something to eat.
		I think I'll have something to eat.
	1	You say you're getting a coach at nine. What time is it getting to London?
	2	I'll give Katherine the news. I'll tell her when I'll see her this evening.
	3	Rupert looks really tired. He's about falling asleep.
	4	We've arranged to go out. We meet in town later.
	5	I'm going to Spain next week. I send you a postcard.
	6	I'm going to get to the airport early. I can read a book while I'll be waiting.
	7	I feel a bit tired. I go to lie down.
	8	Why not come to the party? All your friends shall be there.
	9	There's been a bomb warning. No one can go into the building until the police will have searched it.
	Re	ead the news report and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.
		The Maxi-Shop company is * going to build a huge new
		shopping centre on the edge of Millingham, it was announced yesterday. There ¹ be at least 300 shops, including some
		big department stores. When the project ²
		complete, there ³ be hundreds of new jobs for
		local people. But not everyone is happy. 'We're ⁴
		to fight this plan,' said a spokesperson for the local Environment Group. 'Just

		think what is going ⁵	happen to our countryside.
		When shopping malls 6	covered the whole
		country, there 7	be no green fields left. So we're
		8	a protest meeting tomorrow evening at the town
		hall. It *	at half past seven.' Owners of shops in the
			ppy. 'The new centre ¹⁰
		take our customers away,'	said one of them.
	١.	ook at the answers helev	v and write the correct answer in each space.
D			·
	•	A: Let's go to the carnival,	shall we? t <u>it'll be</u> fun.
		a) it'll be b) it's c) it's be	
	1		
	1	A: Could I have a word wi	: My train in 15 minutes.
		a) is going to leave b) lea	
	2	A: Have you decided abo	
	_		kend for a place.
		a) I apply b) I am to appl	y c) I'm going to apply
	3	A: I'm trying to move this	cupboard, but it's very heavy.
		B: Well,	you, then.
		a) I help b) I'll help c) I'	m going to help
	4	A: Is the shop open yet?	
			ne inside. I think
		a) it opens b) it's about t	o open c) it will open
	5	•	ng your papers all over the table?
			all with me when
		a) I go b) I'll go c) I'm g	
	6	A: It's a public holiday nex	
		a) Are you doing b) Do y	anything special?
		a) rice you doing b) boy	ou do C, Will you do
E	W	rite the sentences using	a future form of the verb. Use the word in brackets.
	•	Express your instant decisi	
		I'll take a tavi	
	1	Express your intention to h	nave a rest. (going)
	2	Express the idea that the t	imetable shows the start of term on 6 September. (starts)
	3	Predict a world war in five	years' time. (there)
	4	Express the idea that you a	and Jasmine have arranged a game of tennis for tomorrow. (playing)
	5	Give your prodiction of a r	probable fall in prices. (probably)
	J	Give your prediction of a f	nobable fall in prices. (probably)
	6	Warn your passenger abou	ut the car crashing. (going)
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Test G Tenses – future

Αı	my:	When • will	l se	e you again?					
Si	mon:	I don't know.	ľm ¹	to be bu	usy this	week. And	' ²	going to	London
Amy: Simon: Amy: Simon: Amy:		on Saturday.							
				be here for r			ı?		
		No, I ⁴ get back until Sunday evening.							
		going to invite you.							
		Well, I'm sorry	l can't com	ne.					
		What ⁶	you	doing in Londo	on?				
Si	mon:	Oh, I'm just go	oing ⁷	see on	e or tw	o people. L	ook, I must g	go. I'm cooking	
		something th	at I think is	8	to boil	over.			
	a) am		c) going						
1	a) bein	b) goingb) dob) do	c) shall	d) will		a) be			d) will
2	a) be	b) do	c) for	d) to		a) are	b) going		d) will
3	a) are	b) do	c) was	d) will d) don't		a) be	b) forb) might		d) to d) will
1 2 3 4 5	The do The me The fes My frie		tre are abou tart at 7.30. ke place in ng here tom	June. norrow morning					
6				urant, but it wa					
7		o .	•	efore the classe	es will b	egin			
1		have finished	lunch by tw	n o'clock					
8	I will to	nave minstica		70 0 crock.		***********	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
Pi h	ut in a fo	orm of the ve e) or was/wer	rb. Use the	e Future Cont					
Pi he	ut in a fo	orm of the ve e) or was/wer	rb. Use the	e Future Cont					
Pi he	ut in a fo ave done It's quit I'd say.	orm of the ve e) or was/wer e a long way, is	rb. Use the going to.	e Future Cont	(w	alk) about f	ive miles by	the time we ge	
Pi he	ut in a fo ave done It's quit I'd say. It'll be l	orm of the ve e) or was/wer e a long way, is petter if you do	rb. Use the going to. Sn't it? We '!!	e Future Cont	(w	alk) about f	ive miles by (have) lund	the time we ge	
Pu ho	ut in a fo ave done It's quit I'd say. It'll be I	orm of the ve e) or was/wer e a long way, is petter if you do	rb. Use the e going to. sn't it? We '!! on't call at o	e Future Cont have walked ne o'clock. We	(w ut there	alk) about f	ive miles by (have) lunding wrong wi	the time we ge th then. th the car.	et back,
Pi ho	ut in a fo ave done It's quit I'd say. It'll be I I I've got	orm of the ve e) or was/wer e a long way, is petter if you do	rb. Use the e going to. sn't it? We '!! on't call at o (drive) over	e Future Cont have walked ne o'clock. We and see you, b	(w ut there	alk) about f	ive miles by (have) lund ng wrong wi nt. And I'm n	the time we ge th then. th the car. ot looking forw	et back,
Pi he 1 2 3	ut in a fo ave done It's quit I'd say. It'll be I I I've got I'll have	orm of the ve e) or was/wer e a long way, is petter if you do loads of work.	rb. Use the e going to. Sn't it? We '!! on't call at o (drive) over	e Future Cont have walked ne o'clock. We and see you, b	(w ut there	alk) about f	ive miles by (have) lunding wrong wint. And I'm n (do) all my	the time we ge th then. th the car. ot looking forw exams then.	et back,

you perform it that it's sure to be brilliant.

D			the conversation. Use will, be going as more than one answer is correct.	to or a present tense. Choose the best form.
	Pe	ter:	Hello. Where are you going?	
	Ka	therine:	To my evening class. I'm learning Swedis a chance to speak it for real. (I / leave) on Friday	h. And next week *I'll have (I / have) (I / go) to Sweden for three weeks. (I / visit) some friends there.
		ter:	4 (that / be) nice.	
	Katherine: Peter:		twenty-five past now.	(start) at half past seven, and it's
			OK. Come and see me when ⁶	(you / get) back from Sweden.
	Ka	therine:	Thanks. ⁷ (I / tell) you	u all about it.
E	W	rite a se	cond sentence that has a similar mea	aning to the first. Use the word in brackets.
	*		e decided to help with the project. (going going to help with the project.	
	1		illing to wait for you. ('ll)	
	2	You can	get off this train at Bath. (stops)	
	3	My frien	nd intended to meet us. (going)	
	4	Adrian's	job interview is on 17 October. (having)	
	5	Our mea	al will be over by eight o'clock. (finished)	
	6	I think I'ı	m going to go on the trip. (might)	
	7	The fire	hasn't gone out yet, but it will in a minute	e. (about)
F	Ch	oose th	e correct form.	
			etter go. I'm cycling home, and I haven't c	rat any lights on my hika
	•		yes. <u>It'll be</u> /I <u>t'll have been</u> dark soon.	ocany lights on my bike.
	1		ar the rent on your flat is very expensive. t is. <u>I'll move/I'm going to move</u> , I've decic	ded.
	2		ke a photo of Martin and me. <u>ke/I'm going to take</u> one on your phone,	then.
	3		e you booked a holiday yet? we go/we're going to Spain.	
	4	A: Wha	t's that man doing up there? no! He'll jump/He's going to jump!	
	5	A: Can	I borrow your bike on Monday? orry, but I'll be using/I'll have used it. I alw	ays cycle to work.

Test H Questions

•	everyone / is / ready	
1	ls everyone ready? been / have / where / you	
2	do / batteries / sell / you	
3	belong / phone / does / this / to / w	/ho
4	are / here / how / long / staying / yo	pu
5	is / like / new / office / what / your	
6	are / flights / full / of / the / which	
7	carnival / does / start / the / time / v	vhat
8	decided / has / holiday / Isabelle / o	n / what
3 4 5 6 7 8	money of hand do of shop first step is your r	you carrying? ~ Julia's. do you earn? ~ About £500 a week. b you write with? ~ My right hand. do you work in? ~ A toy shop. pped on the moon? ~ Neil Armstrong, wasn't it? mother? ~ She's much better, thank you.
9		ne pharmacy? ~ About 200 metres. take a holiday? ~ Once a year.
11		rill you give the baby? ~ We haven't thought of one yet.
W	rite the sentences correctly.	
♦	Would like you to go sailing?	Would you like to go sailing?
1	Do you be a student here?	
2	How many cakes have eaten you?	
3	Enjoyed you your walk?	
4	Where your friends have gone?	
5	What kind music do you like?	
6	Does Peter plays tennis?	
7	About what are you talking?	
8	What has it happened?	

D Re	ead about each situation and write down the question.
•	You want to know if it is raining. Is it raining?
•	You need to ask Katherine where she lives. Where do you live?
1	You would like to ask Isabelle where she bought her coat.
2	You want to ask Lucy if Amy can swim.
3	You want to ask Simon which band he likes best.
4	On the phone you want to know who you are speaking to.
5	You need to know how much audio systems cost.
6	You are asking permission to come in.
7	You need to find out how long the journey takes.
8	You want to ask Adrian what he locked the door for.
9	You want to ask what happens next.
10	You want to suggest that you all go out together.
E W	rite the questions to which the underlined words are the answers.
	Christopher is going to London by train.
	How is Christopher going to London?
1	The Smiths have got three cars.
2	Jessica works <u>at the supermarket</u> .
3	Andrea is learning English <u>because she will need it in her job</u> .
4	The film was <u>really romantic</u> .
5	The meeting will take place <u>next Tuesday</u> .
6	Tessa switched off the fan.
7	Mr Johnson's burglar alarm was ringing.
8	Anna went to the dance with <u>Martin</u> .

Test | Questions, negatives and answers

R	ead th	ne conv	ersation. Th	en look at the answ	vers below	and write t	he correct ar	nswer in each spa	ice
	ulia:			go to the party tonigh				•	
	isa:		givin						
Ju	ulia:			you?					
Li	isa:	-		ure. Has she got long	dark hair?				
Ju	ulia:					you s	poken to her?		
Li	isa:	No, I do They're	on't think ⁶ twins, aren't	But I kno	w who you	ı mean. Ther	e are two siste	ers, Lucy and Jessic	a.
Ju	ulia:	Yes, tha	nt's right.						
Li	isa:	8	one	is Lucy?					
Ju	ulia:	Oh, I 9		know. They both loc	k the same	e. I can't alwa	ys tell them ap	oart.	
Li	isa:	No, ¹⁰		can I. In any case, I ha	iven't been	invited to th	e party.		
Ju	ulia:								
Li	isa:	OK. 12		go to it then, shall we	2?				
1 2 3 4 5 6	a) isi a) go a) H a) it Vhat v You Sha	hat's on't ot aven't would y want to	b) Who's b) know b) no b) has b) Having b) neither you say? Use suggest a g	c) so c) Not	8 9 10 11 12 kets, and	a) What a) don't a) neither a) doesn't a) Could use a quest		c) Who c) not c) so c) not c) Shall each sentence.	
2	You	want Je	ssica to tell y	ou what she is thinkii	ng. (about)				
3	You	are invit	ting a friend	to come to your hous	se. (like)				
4	You	are surp	orised that yo	our friend missed the	football ma	atch on telev	ision. (watch)		
5	You	are askii	ng permissic	n to take a photo. (m	ay)				
6	You	are look	king for Kathe	erine. You are asking h	ner friend f	or informatio	n. (seen)		
7	You	are askii	ng Dan abou	ıt the number of mes	sages he h	as sent. (how	/)		
8	You	are askii	ng Isabelle a	bout the people com	ing to her	party. (who)			•••••
9	You	are askii	ng Martin's v	vife if he cooks every	day or onc	e a week. (of	ten)		
10	You	are askii	ng about the	e weather tomorrow.	(will)				

	Ea	ch of these r	eplies is wror	ng. Write the correct reply.
	•	Is it going to	snow?	~ I'm not thinking it. I don't think so.
	1	Has the comp	outer arrived?	~ No, not
	2	Don't you like	curry?	~ Yes, I hate it
	3	Will you be in tonight?		~ Yes, I expect.
	4	Horrible weather. Would you like a sweet? I'm quite tired now. You might catch my cold. The first train didn't stop.		~ It isn't very nice, isn't it?
	5			~ Yes, right.
	6			~ Too am I.
	7			~ I don't hope to.
	8			~ Neither the second.
	_			
D	Ru	-		Someone is asking him questions. Write the questions.
	•	Interviewer: Rupert:	Where do you Oh, I live in Lo	
	1	Interviewer:		
		Rupert:	I'm 23 years o	ld.
	2	Interviewer:		
		Rupert:	Yes, I went to	college.
	3	Interviewer:		
		Rupert:	My interests?	don't have any, really.
	4	Interviewer: Rupert:		ny? Oh, I work for BX Electric.
	5	Interviewer:		
		Rupert:	Nothing. Ther	e's nothing I don't like about my job.
E	Dı	ıt in the miss	ing word	
			•	ce work? ~ You touch this icon.
	1			
	1		_	ul. ~ I agree. Itlook very nice. , please? ~ Yes, of
	3	, .	•	ble. ~ Andis this bed.
	4		-	in last night? ~, I hate horror films.
	5	•		? \sim l'm going to make a table.
	6			
	7			No, there
	8		, ,	oney? ~ No, I'm afraid
	9	•	•	you? ~ OK, I'll be careful.
	10			e station? ~ About half a mile.
	11			s, I think
	12		-	a picnic? ~ Yes, good idea.
	13			? ~ My right one.
	14		_	s,do I.
			•	eir ice cream? ~ Oh, it's mine. I'm just going to eat it.
	16			azines would you like? ~ This one, please.
			_	

Test J Modal verbs

A	De	ecide which word is correct.	
	•	Could I have some more tea, please?	
		a) Could b) Shall c) Will d) Would	
	1	Everyone's asleep. We make a noise. a) couldn't b) mustn't c) needn't d) wouldn't	
	2	you like to go for a ride with us?	
	2	a) Do b) Should c) Will d) Would	
	3	I wonder if this is the right way. It not be. a) can b) could c) might d) must	
	4	I don't think I want to see this film. ~ Oh, I think youa) can b) shall c) will d) would	enjoy it.
	5	I'm quite happy to walk. You drive me home. a) don't b) haven't c) mustn't d) needn't	
	6	a) Do b) Shall c) Will d) Would	
	7	It's late. I think webetter go. a) had b) have c) should d) would	
	8	We all tried to push the van, but it move. a) can't b) couldn't c) won't d) wouldn't	
		ome of these sentences are correct, and some have a word	Willelf Silodia flot be tilele.
	οι	the sentence is correct, put a tick (\checkmark) . If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space.	
	οι	the sentence is correct, put a tick (\checkmark). If it is incorrect, cross	
	ol ♦	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining.	the unnecessary word
	ol ♦	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting.	the unnecessary word
	Ol. ♦	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags?	the unnecessary word
	• • 1	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young.	the unnecessary word
	ot	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures?	the unnecessary word
	ot	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow.	the unnecessary word
	ot ◆ 1 2 3 4	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later.	the unnecessary word
	ot	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later. If you had fallen, you could have been hurt yourself.	didn't
	ot	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later. If you had fallen, you could have been hurt yourself. We're not supposed to use this entrance.	didn't
	ol	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later. If you had fallen, you could have been hurt yourself.	didn't
	old	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later. If you had fallen, you could have been hurt yourself. We're not supposed to use this entrance.	didn't
	\$\bigs\\ \bigs\\ \tag{1} \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \end{align*}	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later. If you had fallen, you could have been hurt yourself. We're not supposed to use this entrance. You don't have to do all the work yourself. Anna wasn't be allowed to take photos.	didn't
C	\$\bigs\\ \bigs\\ \tag{1} \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \end{align*}	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later. If you had fallen, you could have been hurt yourself. We're not supposed to use this entrance. You don't have to do all the work yourself. Anna wasn't be allowed to take photos.	didn't
C	\$\bigs\\ \bigs\\ \tag{1} \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \end{align*}	the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, cross at of the sentence and write it in the space. I won't be able to come to the meeting. We didn't needn't have watered the garden because it's raining. Would you like to be in the team? Did people have to bring their own sleeping bags? I could to ski when I was quite young. Would you mind for checking these figures? We may be go swimming tomorrow. I knew that I would be sorry later. If you had fallen, you could have been hurt yourself. We're not supposed to use this entrance. You don't have to do all the work yourself. Anna wasn't be allowed to take photos.	didn't

I managed to finish all my work. (able)
I realize that it was a terrible experience for you. (must)
It's against the rules for players to have a drink. (allowed)
The best thing for you to do is sit down. (better)
The report must be on my desk tomorrow morning. (has)
It is possible that Joanne did not receive my message. (might)
It's impossible for Martin to be jogging in this weather. (can't)
Tessa wants a cup of coffee. (like)
It was not necessary for Isabelle to clean the flat. (didn't)
y what the speaker is doing. After each sentence write one of the phrases from the box.
asking for advice giving an order making a suggestion refusing permission asking permission inviting offering food expressing a wish making a request offering to help
Will you have a piece of cake? May I sit down? You must report to me every day. What jobs should I apply for? Would you like to spend the day with us? Shall I do the washing-up? Shall we sit outside? I'm sorry. You can't park here. Could you fill in this form, please? We really must have a nice big party. Pere is some information for visitors to New York City. Prite the missing words. Use one word only in each space. Before you travel to the US, you *must* find out what documents you need. You'll probably 1 to get a visa, but there are different rules for different nationalities. For example, you 2 need to show that you have enough money with you. But there's one rule you can be sure about: everyone 3 to show their passport. The roads in New York are very busy, but don't worry – you 4 get around cheaply and easily by subway. Remember that you are not 5 to smoke on public transport or in shops. And don't forget either that you are 6 to tip taxi drivers and waiters. New York is much less dangerous than it used to be, but you really 7 walk along empty streets at night. Keep electronic devices out of sight. And it is safer if you are



	write these sentences beginning with the underlined words.
•	Thieves robbed <u>a woman</u> . A woman was robbed.
1	They may ban the film.
2	They offered <u>Isabelle</u> a pay rise.
3	We need to correct <u>the mistakes</u> .
4	Someone reported that <u>the situation</u> was under control.
5	They are testing the new drug.
6	We haven't used the machine for ages.
Re	ad the story and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.
	look out for bombs. Any bag or parcel without an owner 1 seen as a risk to the public. Some time ago a cardboard box was found at the entrance to Bristol Zoo one day. It was noticed 2 a visitor and reported to the director. Clearly, if it was a bomb and it went off, people might 3 killed. So army bomb experts 4 called in, and the box was safely blown up in a controlled explosion. Soon afterwards 5 was reported that the box had 6 left there by a boy wanting to find a new home for his pet rat. He was tired of the rat, he explained, but he was unwilling to 7 it put to sleep by a vet, so he left it in a box outside the zoo. The director of the zoo is thought 8 be unenthusiastic about looking after people's unwanted pets. No one knows what the rat thought about 9 blown up. **rite a second sentence that has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets. We have to test these products. (be)
	These products have to be tested.
1	Taylor Swift sang the song. (by)
2	Dan's passport was stolen. (had)
3	They pay doctors a lot of money. (are)
4	I hope they'll interview me for the job. (to)
	Someone was cleaning the floor (being)
5	Someone was cleaning the floor. (being)

/	lessa lost ner way. (got)
8	Everyone agreed that the plan should go ahead. (it)
9	When did they decorate your kitchen? (get)
10	They say exercise is good for you. (be)
D W	hich of the two sentences follows on best?
•	There's going to be a big art exhibition. a) A lot of visitors will be attracted to it. b) It will attract a lot of visitors.
1	Our neighbours have got a cat and a dog. a) A lot of mice are caught by the cat. b) The cat catches a lot of mice.
2	Last night Martin dreamt he saw his dead grandmother. a) A white dress was being worn by the ghost. b) The ghost was wearing a white dress.
3	We've bought some new software. a) trando the job much more quickly. b) The job can be done much more quickly.
4	My grandfather is very ill. a) He's being looked after in the local hospital. b) The local hospital is looking after him.
5	We've completed the experiment. a) The media will publish the results. b) The results will be published in the media.
E Ea	ach of these sentences is incorrect. Write the correct sentence.
♦	Those nice glasses got break.
1	Those nice glasses got broken. The story was written Toni Morrison.
1	The story was written form Morrison.
2	Baseball do play at this stadium.
3	This shirt needs iron.
4	I got cut my hair yesterday.
5	It believes that there is going to be a war.
6	My parents divorce themselves last year.
7	I've got a report to be written.
8	To the winner was given a prize.
9	This man on TV supposes to be the tallest person in the world.

Test L Verb + to-infinitive or -ing form

A	Cc	omplete the conversations. Put in a to-infinitive or an -ing form.
	•	A: I hear you sometimes sail to France in your boat. B: That's right. I really enjoy sailing
	1	A: Are you going to organize our trip? B: Yes, of course. I've agreedit.
	2	A: You wear a uniform at work, don't you? B: Yes, I have to, although I dislike it.
	3	A: Do you think they'll approve the plan? B: Yes, I'm quite sure they'll decide it.
	4	A: What time will you be back? B: Oh, I expect back some time around nine.
	5	A: Did I remind you about the dinner tonight? B: Yes, thank you. You keep me.
	6	A: Was your decision the right one, do you think? B: Yes, luckily. In the end it proved the best thing for everyone.
	7	A: Do you still work at the post office? B: No, I gave up there last year.
	8	A: Have ICM bought the company? B: Well, they've offeredit.
	9	A: I'm sorry you had to wait all that time. B: Oh, it's all right. I didn't mind
В	M	ake sentences from the notes.
ע		Tessa / want / buy / a new coat / soon
	1	Tessa wants to buy a new coat soon. we / must / avoid / waste / so much time
	2	sometimes / a country / refuse / take part / in the Olympics
	3	I / like / see / the Rocky Mountains / some day
	4	I / mean / give / Julia / a nice welcome / yesterday
	5	I / always / like / see / my doctor / once a year
	6	the buses / usually / stop / run / before midnight
	7	I / can't face / get up / at five / tomorrow
	8	last year / we / make / an agreement / work / together
	9	yesterday / you / promise / carry on / shoot / the film
	10	my father / seem / get / better / now

	Re	ad the	conversation and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.				
	An	na:	I hear you're preparing to * leave for Australia.				
	Lisa:		That's right. And I'm really looking forward to it. I can't 1 to get there. I'm hoping see all my friends while I'm there. I'm going to enjoy 3 them again				
			after so long.				
	An	na:	Martin and I 4like to go away, but we can't manage it this year.				
Lisa: Anna:		a:	There's just one problem that I ⁵ to sort out. My tickets haven't arrived. I've been emailing the airline, but they haven't replied. I'm beginning to regret ⁶ using a travel agent.				
		na:	I expect they'll be here tomorrow.				
	Lisa: Anna: Lisa:		That's really leaving it to the last minute. It's such a worry.				
			Well, I know you. You can't ⁷ worrying, can you?				
			No, I can't. I hope this holiday isn't going to turn out 8 be a disaster.				
	An	na:	Of course it isn't. Just keep ⁹ trying to get a response.				
D	Ea	ch of th	nese sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.				
	\	The ma	n kept ask us for money. The man kept asking us for money.				
	1	We've f	inished to decorate the flat.				
	2	l regret	say what I did.				
	3	Tessa d	ecided go not to work.				
	4	Do you	mind help me?				
	5	I'm beg	inning getting worried.				
	6	I can't a	fford buy a new car.				
	7	I hope t	to avoid to make things worse.				
	8	Peter se	eems gone away already.				
E	Wr	ite a se	cond sentence that has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.				
			hadn't sold my bike. (regret)				
			selling my bike.				
	1	The chi	Idren were eager to see their presents. (wait)				
	2	I hate to	get up in the dark. (stand)				
	3	By char	nce I saw your brother yesterday. (happened)				
	4	The sho	op usually opens ten minutes late. (tends)				
	5	Would	you like to go for a walk? (fancy)				
	6	The po	lice continued to watch the house. (carried)				
	7	Seeing	Nelson Mandela will always stay in my memory. (forget)				

Test M The infinitive and the -ing form

A	se	ome of these sentences are correct, and some have a wontence is correct, put a tick (\checkmark) . If it is incorrect, cross out the space.	
	♦	I'm used to driving in heavy traffic every day.	✓
	♦	Although of feeling tired, Katherine didn't want to go to bed.	of
	1	It's important for to sign the form.	
	2	Peter broke his arm in playing rugby.	
	3	A woman accused Martin of stealing her money.	
	4	I wasn't sure whether to write a letter of thanks.	
	5	Do you remember a young man bumping into you?	
	6	The girl's parents wouldn't let her to stay out so late.	
	7	The book is too difficult enough for children to understand.	
	8	Police found the woman for lying dead on the floor.	
	9	Cars are always expensive to repair them.	
	10	The man died as a result of falling asleep while driving.	
		Are you fed up with being (be) a failure in your succeed (succeed)? Do you want to earn you anxious (get) ahead? Do you believe the most of your talents? Do you sometimes dream about If the answer is yes, read on. Just imagine yourself company. And now you can do something about it instead of It'll happen if you want it (happen). Make (order) your copy of the best-selling Win plan for you (order) your copy of the best-selling Win (follow). Do it and you're cersuccess. You'll know what (follow) (do) in busined (respect) you and persuade them want. Experts recommend (buy) this material (order) your copy today.	(earn) more money? Are (make) (reach) the top? (run) a big successful (dream). (e it a reality by (ming in Business. It has a ten-point (tain 9
C		ombine each pair of sentences. Use a to-infinitive or an - preposition.	ing form. Sometimes you also need
	•	We've advised Isabelle. She should get a lawyer. We've advised Isabelle to get a lawyer.	
	•	I'm getting bored. I've been sitting on the beach. I'm getting bored with sitting on the beach.	
	1	We saw Rupert. He was looking in a shop window.	
	2	I remember the clown. He fell over.	
	3	Tessa wasn't sure. Which way should she go?	

	4	The porter just stood there. He expected a tip.				
	5	How about it? Shall we go to the barbecue?				
	6 Lucy is used to it. She's always lived in the country.					
	7	I'm afraid. I might hurt myself.				
	8	Christopher apologized. He'd forgotten to pay.				
	9	The food was too cold. Michelle couldn't eat it.				
1	0	Katherine was silly. She gave away the secret.				
		Calvin Coolidge was elected US President in 1924. He didn't believe in doing too much, and his slogan was 'Keep cool with Coolidge'. Soon 1 moving into the White House, Coolidge invited some old friends 2 have dinner with him there. They were all people he 3 to know in the old days, and they were simple country people. They were interested 4 see inside the White House, and they were looking forward to 5 dinner with the President. They thought it was nice 6 him 7 invite them. But there was one problem. They weren't used 8 attending formal dinners, and they were worried that they wouldn't know 9 to behave. They were afraid 10 looking foolish. So they decided it would be best everyone to copy exactly what Coolidge did. At last the day came. During the dinner, when Coolidge picked up his knife and fork, everyone did the same. When he drank, everyone drank, and so on. Finally Coolidge decided to amuse himself playing a little trick on his visitors. He tipped some coffee into his saucer. Everyone did the same. 13 done this, he added a little cream and sugar. Everyone did the same. Then, horrified, they watched Coolidge bend down and 14 the saucer on the carpet for his cat.				
E		mplete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb. A: I'm annoyed about being (be) late.				
	•	B: Well, I told you to set (set) off in good time, didn't I?				
	1	A: Did you accuse Dan of (break) a plate? B: Well, it was an accident, but he did break it. I saw him (knock) it off the table with his elbow.				
	2	A: I came here(see) Jessica. She must have forgotten I was coming. B: It seems rather careless of her(forget).				
	3	A: Are you going to have a rest now after(do) all the cleaning? B: No, I've got an essay(write).				
	4	A: You say you need some advice? B: Yes, I'm sorry (bother) you, but I don't know who (ask).				
	5	A: Do you like Scrabble? B: Well, I used(play) it quite a lot, but I got fed up with it. I'd rather(watch) television actually				

Test N Nouns and agreement

A	Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put a tick (\checkmark) . If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary word out of the sentence and write it in the space.						
	♦	Would you like a piece of chocolate?	✓				
	♦	I like a classical music very much.	a				
	1	That's a wonderful news!					
	2	Do you own a computer?					
	3	I heard an interesting piece of information today.					
	4	I saw your friend playing a golf.					
	5	There's some luggage in the car.					
	6	I bought a carton of some milk.					
	7	The gates were made of an iron.					
	8	You need an experience to run a business like this.					
B		ssa is talking about her shopping trip. Write the ch space. I spent *some time looking round the shop money, of course. I bought some two of trousers and a skirt. I enjoyed skirt is really nice. £100 to quite expension reduced from £120, so I made a of £2 discovered, but I can take it back next time I go. I had lovely things. But it was very crowded. Everyone terrible. I usually have a coffee and a all full, so I didn't bother.	s in Oxford Street yesterday. I spent far too: three dresses, a sweater, a top, myself – it was great ⁴ The ve, but I couldn't resist it. Anyway, it was 20. One of the dresses ⁷ fit, I've ad a wonderful time and bought all these rushing about. And the traffic				
C	Wi ◆	rite a second sentence that has a similar mean Could I have some bread, please? (piece)					
		Could I have a piece of bread, please?					
	1	All the windows were broken. (every)					
	2	The money I earn isn't enough to live on. (earnings)					
	3	There were bits of paper everywhere. (litter)					
	4	We went to the hotel to get a meal. (food)					
	5	Rachael bought some binoculars. (pair)					
	6	There's a sale of books in the town hall. (book)					
	7	I'll have some orange juice, please. (glass)					
	8	The reporter needed some information. (two)					

Each of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.					
♦	Can you lend me some pen to fill in this form? Can you lend me a pen to fill in this form?				
1	We can't sit here because the grass are wet.				
2	Do you want a butter on your bread?				
3	All my belonging was stolen.				
4	Do you have any informations about hotels?				
5	The police is questioning two men.				
6	Can we have two coffee, please?				
7	The news aren't very good, I'm afraid.				
8	I just want to go into this shoes shop.				

E Choose the correct form.

♦ The house is built of stone/a stone.

9 It's only a short travel by train.

- 1 Each team wear/wears a different colour.
- 2 Let me give you an advice/a piece of advice.
- 3 Everyone was watching the football match/the match of football.
- 4 We had to take our luggage through <u>customs</u>/a <u>customs</u>.
- 5 The band is/are proud of their success.
- 6 I haven't got many/much friends.
- 7 Three hours is/are long enough to look round the museum.
- 8 I wear this glass/these glasses when I go out.
- 9 My father had a job at the steelwork/steelworks.
- 10 We couldn't find an/any accommodation.
- 11 Do you eat meat/a meat?
- 12 The contents of the box was/were thrown away.
- 13 Noise/A noise woke me up in the middle of the night.
- 14 Cattle was/were driven hundreds of miles by the cowboys.
- 15 One of the windows is/are open.
- 16 What would it be like to travel at the speed of light/a light?
- 17 Is there a sport club/sports club near here?
- 18 Email is a very convenient mean/means of communication.
- 19 We make furniture out of many different wood/woods.
- 20 Someone has/have kidnapped the President!

Test O A/an and the

A	Co	This is a true story about the theft of a river barge. Put in <i>a</i> , <i>an</i> , <i>one</i> or <i>the</i> . This is a true story about 1 man who chose 2 worst possible time for his crime. It happened in London in 3 summer of 1972. 4 man stole a barge on 5 siver Thames (in case you don't know, 6 barge is a river boat used for carrying goods). 7 owner of 8 barge soon discovered that it was missing and immediately informed 9 police so that they could look for it. Normally 10 river is quite 11 busy place, and it would be difficult to find what you were looking for. On this day, however, there was dock strike, and so there was only 13 barge on 14 river. 15 thief was
		quickly found and arrested.
B	De	ecide which word or words are correct.
	•	I think that's <u>an awful</u> thing to say. a) a awful b) an awful c) awful
	1	Rachael goes to on the bus. a) work b) a work c) the work
	2	I don't know what to do. It's problem. a) quite difficult b) a quite difficult c) quite a difficult
	3	is my favourite sport. a) Golf b) A golf c) The golf
	4	starts at nine o'clock. a) School b) A school c) The school.
	5	We had time at the festival last weekend. a) really nice b) a really nice c) really a nice
	6	Dan opened a drawer and took out a) photos b) a photos c) some photos
	7	Did you learn to play ? a) violin b) a violin c) the violin
	8	We can finish the rest of the bread for a) breakfast b) a breakfast c) the breakfast
	9	While I was in hospital, they gave me a) X-ray b) a X-ray c) an X-ray
	10	I might listen to a) radio b) radios c) the radio
	11	We need to protect from pollution. a) environment b) some environment c) the environment
	12	Why do they always play music? a) so terrible b) such terrible c) such a terrible
C		ead the story about a silly mistake and decide if a word needs to go in the space. a word is missing, write the word. If no word is missing, put a tick (This is also true story. It shows how plans can sometimes go wrong and how people can make silly mistakes. This too happened quite long time ago – in
		³ 1979 in fact. The scene was ⁴ old people's home in ⁵ small town in

			round it to make it more private. The work began soon after ⁹ Christmas when
		10	workmen arrived in 11 lorry with planks of wood which they put up around the
		building	g. 'It was ¹² very nice fence,' said ¹³ of the old people. But there was ¹⁴
		probler	m. The workmen forgot to leave a gap for the lorry to drive out through. They had to
			pack the next day to knock down part of 15 fence. 16 a silly mistake!' said
			r resident. 'It was ¹⁷ funny we had to laugh. In fact it was ¹⁸ most fun we've
		nad for	a long time.'
	۲,	ma af t	there contained are correct and come have a word which should not be there
			these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. tence is correct, put a tick (\checkmark). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary word
			e sentence and write it in the space.
			ace capsule came down in the Pacific.
			v job starts in the April. the
		•	o tired I went to bed at nine o'clock.
			I a very good lunch in the company canteen.
			just isn't fair sometimes.
			ne clever children you have!
			nt out and bought some pictures.
	6	Tessa w	vas still working at the midnight.
	7	I drive p	past the hospital every morning.
	8	A one b	poy was much taller than all the others.
	9	It costs	such a lot of money, you know.
1	0	I'll mee	t you outside the National Gallery.
1	1	Have yo	ou any idea who invented the fridge?
	Co	mplete	the conversation. Put in the words and decide if you need <i>a</i> , <i>an</i> , <i>some</i> or <i>the</i> .
	Ma	rtin:	I think we ought to book * a holiday (holiday). Where shall we go?
	An	na:	What about * Scotland (Scotland)? I think Edinburgh is
	N 4 -		(beautiful city). I love going there.
	ivia	irtin:	(weather) might not be very good. We went there at (Easter), and it was freezing, remember.
	An	na:	We could have a walk along ⁴ (Princes Street) and up to the castle. And I
	,		wanted to go to ⁵ (Royal Scottish Museum), but we never found time.
	Ма	rtin:	Can't we go somewhere different?
	An	na:	We could spend some time in ⁶ (Highlands), I suppose.
	Ma	rtin:	When I go on holiday, I want to do something more relaxing than climbing
			7 (mountains). And I find it pretty boring.
	An	na:	How can you say such ⁸ (thing)?
	Ma	rtin:	Actually, I'd prefer somewhere warmer and by 9 (sea). I think (Corfu) would be nice. We might get 11 (sunshine)
			there. I just want to lie on a beach. (Corfu) would be nice. We might get "(sunshine)
	An	na:	Martin, you know I'm not at all keen on ¹² (beach holidays).
Anna:			(Deach Holidays).

Test P This, my, some, a lot of, all, etc.

A	Lo	ok at wh	at people are saying and choose the correct meaning.
	♦	Katherine	e: Let's sit under these trees, shall we?
	♦	The trees	are a) / near Katherine. b) a long way away from Katherine.
	1	Martin: N	ly friend and I ate a whole loaf.
			nd his friend ate a) part of the loaf. b) all the loaf.
	2		girls' dog has gone missing.
			belongs to a) one girl. b) more than one girl.
	3		brother has got his own office. other a) works alone in the office. b) shares the office with another person.
	4		The weather looks a little better, I think. s Isabelle feel about the weather? a) Hopeful. b) Not very hopeful.
	5		o't answer either of these questions. ny questions is Ben talking about? a) One. b) Two. c) More than two.
	6		ne children can keep any tennis balls they find.
		Will they	find any tennis balls? a) Yes. b) No. c) Adrian doesn't know.
B	D€	ecide wh	ch word is correct.
	•		our shall we have? ~ I don't mind. Pick <u>any</u> colour you like.
			b) some c) that d) what
	1		two brothers, but he doesn't speak to of them.
	2		b) both c) either d) neither
	2		has left a bicycle outside. b) Anything c) Someone d) Something
	3		pictures here. ~ Yes, so do I.
	,	a) that	b) these c) this d) those
	4		ou mind waiting minutes?
			b) a little c) few d) little
	5		countries still have a king or a queen, don't they?
			b) Half c) Part d) Some
	6		ould come firstlives shouldn't be put at risk. b) Peoples c) People's d) Peoples'
	7		very well. ~ Oh, I'm sorry to hear
	,		that c) this d) you
	8		is an uncle of
		a) Kather	ine b) Katherines c) Katherine's d) Katherines'
	_		
			lking along the street when she sees her old friend Angela.
			onversation and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.
			Hello, Angela. How are you?
		•	essa! Hello! Shall we have lunch together?
	ie		was just going to the bank to get * some money. I have to be back at the office in few minutes. My life's one mad rush.
	Δn		o is ²
	, 11	. 9010. f	riends ³ hers to stay. I wish I didn't have so ⁴ things to do at once

Iessa: Angela: Tessa:		them seem to be around any r		ise nom our old gang.	OŤ
		I think they've ⁷ r		two. Carol went to Japan.	
		Angela, would you like to com	•		
	ngela:	Oh, that would be lovely. We'll			
	essa:	Maybe we'll need a 9			
) Ea	ach of th	ne sentences has a mistake i	n it. Write the correc	t sentence.	
•	Are you	u going on holiday that year?	Are you going on h	oliday this year?	
1	That wa	as a very good idea of you.			
2	You've	got a lot books, haven't you?			
3	I don't l	know the meeting's time.			
4	Dan ha	s hurt the leg.			
5	All roor	ms in the house were cold.			
6	Wear ev	verything-it doesn't matter wha	t		
7	Every o	f the four doors was locked.			
8	I live m	y life, and my sister lives her.			
9	The bo	th socks have got holes in them	·		
10	Here's a	a copy of this week magazine.			
11	This sw	reater is losing it's colour.			
12	I want s	some paper, but there's no in he	re		
		some paper, but there's me in me	rc		
E W		econd sentence that has a si		e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
E W	/rite a se When I	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee	milar meaning to the	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
E W	/rite a se When I When I	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week.	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
E W	/rite a se When I When I	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week.	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
1	Vrite a se When I When I I've live	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week.	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
•	Vrite a se When I When I I've live	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week.	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
1	Vrite a se When I When I I've live	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week. nost)	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
12	Vrite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r hotels were full. (every)	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week. nost)	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
12	Vrite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r hotels were full. (every)	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week. nost)	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
1 2 3	Vrite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r hotels were full. (every) use on the corner is bigger than gotten my doctor's name. (of)	milar meaning to the	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
1234	Vrite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r hotels were full. (every)	milar meaning to the	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
1234	Vite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho I've force We hav	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r hotels were full. (every) use on the corner is bigger than gotten my doctor's name. (of)	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week. nost) our house. (ours) hanges. (little)	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
1 2 3 4 5	Vite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho I've forg We hav Such a	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r hotels were full. (every) use on the corner is bigger than gotten my doctor's name. (of)	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week. nost) our house. (ours) hanges. (little)	e first. Use the word in brac	kets.
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1 2 3 4 5	Vrite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho I've forg We hav Such a	econd sentence that has a si was on holiday, it rained all wee was on holiday, it rained the who d here more than half my life. (r hotels were full. (every) use on the corner is bigger than gotten my doctor's name. (of)	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week. nost) our house. (ours) hanges. (little) oplied for the job. (so)	e first. Use the word in brace	kets.
1 2 3 4 5	Vrite a se When I When I I've live All the I The ho I've forg We hav Such a I met o Both th	was on holiday, it rained all week was on holiday, it rained the whole dhere more than half my life. (rombotels were full. (every) use on the corner is bigger than gotten my doctor's name. (of) yen't had much warning of the coloring number of people have appreciate the company of the coloring of the coloring number of people have appreciate the coloring number of people number o	milar meaning to the ek. (whole) le week. nost) our house. (ours) hanges. (little) oplied for the job. (so) arty. (an)	e first. Use the word in brace	kets.

Test Q Pronouns

A	Cc	mplete				They're meeting and (I, me, you, etc.) o	at the coach stop. or a reflexive pronour
	Ka	therine:	Where's Mar	tin?			
	Ru	pert:	He's ill. I spok	xe to <mark>↑ him</mark>	yesterday. He wa	s feeling a bit sorry fo	or ¹
	Ka	therine:	Oh, poor Ma	rtin. And what abou	ut the twins?		
	Pe	ter:	2	came with Jessic	a and me. ³	gave ⁴	a lift.
	Je	ssica:	Yes, the twin	s came with ⁵	in the car	r.	
	Te	ssa:	I hope they'r	e going to behave '	5 		
	Je	ssica:	Oh, I'm sure t	they will.			
	Ru	pert:	7	'II be nice to have	a day out. 8	say it's going	g to stay sunny.
		therine:	I'm sure we'll	all enjoy ⁹			
	Pe	ter:	Where's Ann	a?			
	Te	ssa:	Oh, she's her next to ¹¹		ke to ¹⁰	a moment ago. S	She was standing right
B	De	ecide w	hich word is	correct.			
	•	_		haven't got <u>anythi</u> ything c) someth			
	1		•	Anna? Look after yours d) yourself			
	2		wo) that c) the	ould be lovely to sere d) you	e you again.		
	3		vant some app b) it c) one	oles, I'll get you e d) some	at the s	shop.	
	4			food with c) us d) we			
	5		oes this bag b Me c) Mine	elong to? ~ e d) Myself	. I've just bo	ought it.	
	6			new books. It only c) some d) then			
	7		b) it c) the	trol station near her ere d) this	re, please?		
	8			rearc ch other's c) them		selves'	
	9	-	_	h to eat, or would y c) new d) other	ou like something	j?	
C	Us	se a pro	noun instea	d of the words in	brackets.		
				l. She (Mic		vell.	
				t was only a cheap			
			-	r(all t		7.	

	3	Tessa looked at (Tessa) in the mirror.	
	4	My flat is the(flat) at the top.	
	5	My phone rang(The caller) was Alex.	
	6	There was (a thing) worrying me.	
	7	I've got some sweets. Would you like (a sweet)?	
	8	(People in general) can't make an omelette without breaking eggs.	
	9	We decorated the whole house (without help).	
D	Co	* It was on 20 September 1973 that Bobby Riggs met Billie Jean King on the tennis court. Of all the tennis matches until then, this was probably the 1 that attracted	
		the most attention. Riggs had once been a champion, but at 55 he was getting rather old for top-class tennis. But he considered ² a better player than any woman. In fact, he thought women should go home and find ³ useful to do in the kitchen. Billie Jean King, on the other hand, was a 29-year-old star of women's tennis and a feminist. Riggs thought that ⁴ would be a good idea to play King. He was sure he could beat ⁵ King agreed to play. ⁶ was a lot of interest in the match, and more	
		or less ⁷ in the country was looking forward to ⁸ On the night of the match, ⁹ were over 30,000 people in the Houston Astrodrome. When Riggs and King came face to face with ¹⁰ other, they had 50 million people watching on TV. The match didn't work out for Riggs, because Billie Jean King defeated ¹² , 6–4, 6–3, 6–3.	
E	Fa	ch of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.	
	,	I didn't want the fridge, so I sold him .	
	·	I didn't want the fridge, so I sold it.	
	1	It's a train leaving in ten minutes.	
	2	I think someone are coming up the stairs.	•••
	3	Let's meet ourselves at eight o'clock, shall we?	
	4	We haven't got a boat, but we'd like a.	
	5	Let's do a different something today.	
	6		
		One is going to build a new motorway through here.	
	7	One is going to build a new motorway through here. I'm afraid I haven't done something all day.	
	7		
	7 8 9	I'm afraid I haven't done something all day.	
		I'm afraid I haven't done something all day. Everyone enjoyed themself at the barbecue.	

Test R Adjectives and adverbs

A Choose the correct word or phrase.

- We walked <u>slow/slowly</u> back to the hotel.
- 1 We could walk <u>free/freely</u> around the aircraft during the flight.
- 2 The young/The young man with dark hair is my sister's boyfriend.
- 3 I'm getting quite hungry/hungrily.
- 4 The man looked thoughtful/thoughtfully around the room.
- 5 Have I filled this form in right/rightly?
- 6 I think Egypt is a fascinated/fascinating country.
- 7 The two sisters do alike/similar jobs.
- 8 I'm pleased the plan worked so good/goodly/well.
- 9 I'm very confused/confusing about what to do.
- 10 They performed the experiment scientifically/scientificly.
- 11 The hostages must be very afraid/frightened people.

B	Put the words in the right order to form a statement.
---	---

•	a / bought / coat / l / new / red Lbought a new red coat.
1	a / is / nice / place / this
2	biscuit / can't / find / I / large / the / tin
3	a / behaved / in / silly / Tessa / way
4	coffee / cold / getting / is / your
5	a / house / in / live / lovely / old / stone / they
6	for / hospital / ill / is / mentally / the / this

Write the words in brackets and add -ly, -ing or -ed only if you need to

viiic ti	ie words in bruckets and add 'ty, 'mg or 'ca o'ny n' you need to.
lessica:	Is this the * new (new) car you've just bought?
Dan:	That's right. Well, it's second-hand of course.
lessica:	It's * exciting (excit) buying a car, isn't it?
Dan:	Well, it was a bit of a problem actually because I didn't have much money to spend. But I managed to find one that wasn't very ¹ (expensive).
lessica:	It looks very ² (nice), I must say.
Dan:	It's ten years old, so I was ³ (surpris) what good condition it's in. The man I bought it from is over 80, and he always drove it very ⁴ (careful), he said. He never took it out if it was raining, which I find ⁵ (amus).
lessica:	I think ⁶ (elder) people look after their cars better than young people.
Dan:	He was a ⁷ (friend) old chap. He even gave me all these maps ⁸ (free)

*	rite a second sentence that has a substitution of the second sentence th	
1	Jonathan behaved stupidly.	
1	The drink had a strange taste. (tasted)
2	Obviously, sick people need to be loc	oked after. (the)
3	The dog slept. (asleep)	
4	The young woman was polite. (spoke	2)
5	The train was late. (arrived)	
6	The film's ending is dramatic. (ends)	
7	Katherine gave an angry shout. (shou	ited)
8	Billiards is a game for indoors. (indoor	7)
0		\
9	The clown amused people. (amusing)
10	There was almost no time left. (any)	
So	ome of these sentences are correctick (). If it is incorrect, cross the	t, but most have a mistake. If the sentence is correct, put sentence out and write it correctly.
So	ome of these sentences are correctick (). If it is incorrect, cross the second results of the second contract of	sentence out and write it correctly.
So	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the some some some steel looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe.	sentence out and write it correctly.
So a	ome of these sentences are correctick (). If it is incorrect, cross the second friend looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe. I tasted the soup careful.	sentence out and write it correctly.
Sc a * * 1	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the some some some steel looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe.	sentence out and write it correctly.
Sc a * * 1 2	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the service of the service	sentence out and write it correctly.
Sc a * * 1 2	ome of these sentences are correctick (). If it is incorrect, cross the service of the service	sentence out and write it correctly.
\$60 a 1 1 2 3 4	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the serious friend looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe. I tasted the soup careful. It's a beautiful old English church. Are they asleep children? It's a leather new nice jacket.	sentence out and write it correctly.
\$ \$6 a \(\dots \)	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the serious friend looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe. I tasted the soup careful. It's a beautiful old English church. Are they asleep children? It's a leather new nice jacket. The riches are very lucky. You handled the situation well. He used a green paper thick towel.	sentence out and write it correctly.
\$60 a 4 4 5 6 6 -	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the serious friend looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe. I tasted the soup careful. It's a beautiful old English church. Are they asleep children? It's a leather new nice jacket. The riches are very lucky. You handled the situation well. He used a green paper thick towel. Our future lies with the young.	sentence out and write it correctly.
So a 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the serious friend looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe. I tasted the soup careful. It's a beautiful old English church. Are they asleep children? It's a leather new nice jacket. The riches are very lucky. You handled the situation well. He used a green paper thick towel. Our future lies with the young. The course I started was bored.	sentence out and write it correctly.
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So a 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	ome of these sentences are correctick (). If it is incorrect, cross the serious friend looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe. I tasted the soup careful. It's a beautiful old English church. Are they asleep children? It's a leather new nice jacket. The riches are very lucky. You handled the situation well. He used a green paper thick towel. Our future lies with the young. The course I started was bored. I often talk to the two old next door. The smoke rose highly into the air.	sentence out and write it correctly.
Sca a 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	ome of these sentences are correctick (/). If it is incorrect, cross the serious friend looked rather ill. It was a steel long pipe. I tasted the soup careful. It's a beautiful old English church. Are they asleep children? It's a leather new nice jacket. The riches are very lucky. You handled the situation well. He used a green paper thick towel. Our future lies with the young. The course I started was bored. I often talk to the two old next door. The smoke rose highly into the air. It feels warm in here.	sentence out and write it correctly.
So a 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	ome of these sentences are correctick (). If it is incorrect, cross the service of the service	sentence out and write it correctly.
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Test S Comparative and superlative

A W	rite the comparative for	m of the words in brackets.	
•	They've made these choco	olate bars <u>smaller</u> (small).
•	Sport is more interesting	(interesting) than politics.	
1	Can't you think of anything	g(intelliger	nt) to say?
2	Well, the place looks	(clean) now.	
3		(thin) than she did.	
4	You need to draw it	(carefully).	
5	The weather is getting	(bad).	
6	The programme will be sh	own at a(l	ate) date.
7	I can't stay	(long) than half an hour.	
8	An umbrella would be a	(useful) pres	ent.
9	I'll try to finish the job	(soon).	
10		(busy) than usual in town toda	y.
11	I'll be even	(annoyed) if you do that a	ngain.
12	Since the break-in I feel	(nervous).	
	•	of the words in brackets.	
•	It's the shortest		
•		(beautiful) building in the wo	
1		(funny) film I've ever see	
2		(horrible) feeling I've ever h	nad.
3		(recent) book?	
4		(large) company in the countr	
5	It was the	(boring) speech I've ever h	eard.
6	You've got the	(far) to travel.	
7	That's the	(helpful) idea so far.	
8	The factory uses the	(modern) produ	iction methods.
9	This is the	(early) I've ever got up.	
10	It was the	(sad) day of my life.	
			word which should not be there. If
	entence is correct, put a		oss the unnecessary word out of the
3 €	I've got the least powerful	·	
X	,	·	mona
1	London is more bigger tha	=	more
1	Silver isn't as expensive as	_	<u></u>
2	Indian food is the nicer tha		
3	·	e most useful inventions ever.	
4	I feel a much better now, t	,	
5	The longer you wait, so th		
6	The piano is heavier than t	ne sota	

	/	This is the most	quickest way to the	e notel.				
	8	You're taller than	n he is.					
	9	Who is the cleve	erest student in of t	he class?				
	10		getting hotter and r					
	10	THE WEATHER IS Q	getting notter and r	nore notter.	<u></u>			
D	Re	ead this part of	Tessa's message	to her friend Angela	about her new job.			
					the correct answer in eac	h space.		
				_	old one. The people here are	-		
					as rude ² my old			
		Mrs Crossley, wa	as. I hated her. She v	vas the ³	friendly person I've eve	er met.		
		Everyone here is	s older ⁴		ngest person ⁵ th	ne office.		
		But I don't mind	ł.					
		The good thing	about the job is the	at I get a ⁶	more money, although not	much		
					sn't ⁷ simple as i			
					nave to change buses. But I'm			
		to start work ea	rly. The earlier I leav	e home, ⁸	the journey is becaus	e the		
		buses aren't so						
	•	a) more	h) most	c) much	d) very			
	1			c) nicer				
	2		b) so					
	3		b) less		The state of the s			
	4			c) than I	•			
	5	a) from	b) in	c) of	d) out of			
	6	a) hit	b) less	c) lot	d) much			
	7	a) as	b) less	c) more	d) same			
	8	a) more easier	b) more easy	c) lot c) more c) the easier	d) the easy			
E	Co	omplete the sec	cond sentence so	that it has a similar	meaning to the first. Use	the word		
	in	brackets.						
	♦	This train is mor	e convenient than a	all the others. (most)				
		This train is the	most convenient.					
	1	The living room	isn't as big as the k	itchen. (bigger)				
	2	I'm not as fit as y						
	3		ne desk are the sam					
	J					the desk		
	4					tre desix.		
	4	Prices just get higher all the time. (and) Prices						
	_							
	5		'	A second control of the control of t		the dross		
						the dress.		
	6		s the easiest. (difficu					
		This crossword Their excitement was increasing all the time. (excited)						
	7		_					
	8		a more romantic sto	ory. (most)				
		It's the				read.		

Test T Adverbs and word order

Pu	ut each word in brackets into the sentence.
•	Anna arrives for work. (late) Anna arrives late for work.
1	I like old cowboy films. (quite)
2	Have you finished this magazine? (yet)
3	This coat is big. (too)
4	Have the children had their dinner? (already)
5	You don't look ill. (certainly)
6	We don't go out. (much)
7	I think everyone works hard. (fairly)
8	I don't know the date of the meeting. (still)
9	The others are getting ready. (just)
10	I have to go to work. (on Saturdays)
3 Pı	ut the words in the right order to form a statement.
•	I / love / really / these trousers I really love these trousers.
1	is / rather / silly / this game
2	already / I've / paid / the bill
3	enough / isn't / loud / the alarm
4	easily / Jonathan / passed / the test
5	a lot / cards / play / the children
6	didn't / enough / sell / they / tickets
7	ask / many / questions / too / you
0	
8	a member / any more / of the club / I'm / not

Isabelle: No, I'm afraid not, but I'm 2 looking. It's taking 3 longer than I expected. The problem is there just aren't 4 jobs. And there are too people looking for jobs. Martin: I'm old enough 6 remember when there was plenty of work. Isabelle: There used to be lots of work, but there isn't 7 more. I'm afraid I'm 8 longer as optimistic as I was a few weeks ago. In fact I feel a 9 depressed about sometimes. Martin: Don't worry. You'll 10 find something, I expect. ↑ a) How b) What c) Who d) Why 6 a) for b) of c) that d) to 1 a) longer b) soon c) still d) yet 7 a) any b) no c) now d) some 2 a) already b) more c) still d) yet 8 a) any b) never c) no d) not		artin:	Hello Isabelle	♦ How	are vou? F	Have voi	u found a iol	₂ 1	7		
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Isabelle: There used to be lots of work, but there isn't 7 more. I'm afraid I'm 8 longer as optimistic as I was a few weeks ago. In fact I feel a 9 depressed about sometimes. Martin: Don't worry. You'll 10 find something, I expect. ♦ a) Hew b) What c) Who d) Why 6 a) for b) of c) that d) to 1 a) longer b) soon c) still d) yet 7 a) any b) no c) now d) some 2 a) already b) more c) still d) yet 8 a) any b) never c) no d) not 3 a) more b) quite c) rather d) some 9 a) bit b) piece c) quite d) slightl 4 a) enough b) plenty c) right d) several 10 a) already b) yet c) soon 5 a) big b) lot c) many d) much d) before very long Each of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence. ♦ My friend ealls-always for me. My friend always calls for me. 1 I didn't last night sleep very well. 2 I think I need to rest little. 3 I don't work for the company longer. 4 The article is fair interesting. 5 Tessa locked carefully the door. 6 You aren't enough tall to play basketball. 7 We went yesterday to town. 8 I like this music much. E Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brack 11 try sprobable that the strike will be over soon. (probably) The strike will probably be over soon. 1 We often go to the cinema. (a lot) 2 Adrian wears jeans all the time. (always) 3 These shoes are too small. (big)	N 4						. +	alametic afric	ماد		
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Test U Prepositions

W	rite the sentences correctly.	
\	I'll see you at Monday.	
	I'll see you on Monday.	
1	The doctor has been working since 12 hours.	
2	We had a great time in the festival.	
3	The woman was getting from the car.	
4	The players had numbers at their shirts.	
5	The new manager takes over at two weeks' time	2.
5	Anna drove at the garage to get some petrol.	
7	We were sitting in the back of the room.	
	about eleven o'clock. The journe the airport for our flight. Our apartment here is fine. It's 6 th walk there 7 five minutes. The only a busy main road, which can be difficult. We don't do much 9 the day, but won very late, and today we slept 10	e top floor. The beach isn't far away – we can problem is that we have to get 8very go out every evening. Last night's party went
f ·	ome of these sentences are correct, and son the sentence is correct, put a tick (/). If it is the sentence and write it in the space.	ne have a word which should not be there.
•	The cat was sitting on top of the shed.	<u>/</u>
•	Coventry is near by Birmingham.	by
	Luckily our train arrived on the time.	
2	People were running away from the gunman.	
3	It sounds as if the company is in trouble.	
4	The car was in the front of a bus.	
5	There's a meeting on next Tuesday.	
6	Lisa drew a plan on the back of an envelope.	
7	I'll be exhausted by the time I get home.	

D	De	ecide which word is correct.				
	♦	I saw a really funny programme <u>on</u> television.	a) at	b) from	c) in	d) on
	1	You can see all the information the screen.	a) at	b) in	c) inside	d) on
	2	Are these picturessale?	a) at	b) for	c) in	d) to
	3	Could you let me knowFriday at the latest?	a) by	b) to	c) up to	d) until
	4	The audience clapped the end of the show	a) at	b) for	c) in	d) to
	5	I've lived herelast year.	a) after	b) by	c) for	d) since
	6	What's the matteryour car?	a) by	b) for	c) on	d) with
	7	We could see the balloon high the town.	a) above	b) on	c) onto	d) up
	8	There was a fallten per cent in prices.	a) at	b) by	c) in	d) of
	9	The house was burgled we were out.	a) at	b) during	c) time	d) while
	0	What's the differencea boat and a ship?	a) between	b) from	c) under	d) with
	11	Rupert's new car looks morea plane.	a) as	b) like	c) near	d) similar
	12	We're all boredthis game.	a) about	b) at	c) for	d) with
	13	I can't find my keys. I had them a minute	a) ago	b) before	c) behind	d) back
	4	We get lots of requestshelp.	a) at	b) for	c) of	d) on
	15	The babysitter will stay there we get home.	a) by	b) for	c) to	d) until
	16	I'm going to be late the meeting.	a) at	b) for	c) in	d) to
	17	We do most of our businesssummer.	a) along	b) at	c) in	d) on
		***************************************	, , , ,	,	-,	
	18	The job is similar my old one. omplete the second sentence so that it has a similar	a) as	b) at	c) to	d) with in
	l8 Cc	The job is similar my old one. Implete the second sentence so that it has a similar ackets. This is the Glasgow train. (going)	a) as	b) at	c) to	
	l8 Cc	The job is similar my old one. complete the second sentence so that it has a similar rackets.	a) as	b) at	c) to	
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Test V Verbs with prepositions and adverbs

A	Pι	ut the words in the right order to form a statement.
	•	I won't forget the titles of the books. down / I've / them / written I've written them down.
	1	I'll give you the money. for / I / must / my ticket / pay
	2	I have to look smart. going to / I'm / on / put / that expensive grey coat I bought
	3	Anna called. invited / lunch / she's / to / us
	4	Peter's got the photos. at / he's / looking / them
	5	I wasn't allowed to go. from / leaving / me / prevented / the police
	6	This programme is boring. going to / I'm / it / off / turn
В	De	ecide which word is correct.
		I'm not speaking to Oliver. I've fallen <u>out</u> with him. a) away b) back c) out d) through
	1	Everyone complained the awful food. a) about b) for c) on d) over
	2	You don't need this word. You should cross it a) down b) out c) over d) up
	3	It's late. How much longer are you going to goworking? a) along b) on c) through d) with
	4	My shoes are dirty. I'd better take them before I come in. a) away b) off c) on d) up
	5	The bus journey costs more now. They've put the fares a) down b) out c) over d) up
	6	We all laughed the cartoon. a) at b) for c) on d) to
	7	We'd all decided to go on holiday together, but the plan fell, I'm afraid. a) away b) back c) out d) through
	8	I suppose you're being nice to make the awful way you behaved yesterday. a) away of b) down on c) in with d) up for
C	W	rite the second sentence correctly.
	•	Could you be a little quieter, please? I'm trying to concentrate at my work. I'm trying to concentrate on my work.
	1	You haven't answered all the questions. You've left one away.
	2	Where is Bigbury? I've never heard about it.

	3	The children were frightened of the dog. They ran out of it.
	4	Michelle has got the job. You must congratulate her for her success.
	5	My sister is a builder. She's going to set out her own company.
	6	I like Peter. He reminds me about an old school friend of mine.
	7	Adrian has a suggestion. He wants to put it ahead at the meeting.
D	Re	ead the story and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.
E		This true story is about a policeman in New York City who had a girlfriend he cared *for very much. I don't know if you regard New York City 1 a dangerous place, but the hero of our story certainly did, and he warned his girlfriend 2 the danger of walking the streets alone and the need to 3 out for muggers. But as he also believed 4 being prepared for the worst, he bought a can of gas that would protect his girlfriend 5 muggers. It certainly seemed worth spending a few dollars 6 The idea is that you point the thing 7 your attacker and spray him with the gas, which knocks him 8 On the day he bought the gas, the policeman and his girlfriend had arranged to go 9 for the evening. So he was looking 10 to giving her the can later on. When he got home from work, he had a bath and then sprayed some deodorant on himself. He knew nothing more until he 11 up in hospital the next day. He had picked 12 the wrong can and sprayed himself with the gas.
	•	I'm trying to find my diary. (looking) I'm looking for my diary.
	1	You're too young to stop working. (give)
	2	This bag is Jessica's. (belongs)
	3	Everyone continued working as usual. (carried)
	4	They talked about the plan. (discussed)
	5	I haven't got any money left. (run)
	6	I told the police what the problem was. (explained)
	7	I wouldn't tolerate such terrible conditions. (put)
	8	They'll have to postpone the game. (off)

Test W Reported speech

A	lf	ome of these sentences are correct, and some have a value the sentence is correct, put a tick (). If it is incorrect, ut of the sentence and write it in the space.</th <th></th>	
	♦	You promised you wouldn't be late.	√
	♦	Lucy thought ' That I can't understand what's happening.'	that
	1	Do you know me what time the coach leaves?	
	2	Robert wanted to know if did the price included breakfast.	
	3	Anna insisted on showing us her photos.	
	4	Someone asked us whether that we had eaten lunch.	
	5	Isabelle told me she had started the job the week before.	
	6	Dan said me he wanted to come with us.	
	7	My friend said she did liked her new flat.	
	8	Martin asked us for not to wake the baby.	
B	De	ecide which word is correct.	
	♦	What did that man say to you ?	
		a) at you b) for you c) to you d) you	
	1	I rang my friend in Australia yesterday, and she said ita) is b) should be c) to be d) was	raining there.
	2	The last time I saw Jonathan, he looked very relaxed. He exp the week. a) earlier b) following c) next d) previous	plained that he'd been on holiday
	3	I wonder the tickets are on sale yet. a) what b) when c) where d) whether	
	4	I told youswitch off the heater, didn't !? a) don't b) not c) not to d) to not	
	5	Someone me there's been an accident on the a) asked b) said c) spoke d) told	e motorway.
	6	When I rang Tessa some time last week, she said she was bua) that b) the c) then d) this	usyday.
	7	When he was at Oliver's flat yesterday, Martin asked if hea) can b) could c) may d) must	use the shower.
	8	Staceygoing for a walk, but no one else want a) admitted b) offered c) promised d) suggested	ted to.
C		ead the news report and write the missing words. Use ometimes there is more than one possible answer.	e one word only in each space.
		Police have warned people *to watch out for two way into an old woman's home and stolen money. The mer were from the water company and wanted twas OK. They asked if 3 would mind letting the	n called on Mrs Iris Raine and said to check ² her water
		didn't ask ⁴ see their identity cards. She said sh any problem with the water. The men explained that they ⁶	he ⁵ know about

	the service was free, and they said yes. They ⁹ to know where
	the water tank was. While one man ran water in the kitchen, the other went upstairs and took several hundred pounds from a drawer in a bedroom. The men then left saying that they would return the ¹⁰ day to have another look.
	omplete each sentence by reporting what was said to you yesterday. e <i>said</i> and change the tense in the reported speech.
\	Katherine: I'm really tired. When I saw Katherine yesterday, <u>she said she was really tired.</u>
1	Tessa: I feel quite excited. When I saw Tessa yesterday,
	Dan: I can't remember the password. When I saw Dan yesterday,
3	Robert: I won't be at the next meeting. When I saw Robert yesterday,
4	The twins: We've got a problem. When I saw the twins yesterday,
5	Michelle: I've been swimming. When I saw Michelle yesterday,
6	Your friends: We would like to be in the show. When I saw my friends yesterday,
7	Adrian: I don't need any help. When I saw Adrian yesterday,
8	Lucy: My sister is coming to see me. When I saw Lucy yesterday,
Re	port the sentences. They were all spoken last week. Use the verbs in brackets.
\	Anna to Jessica: Don't forget to sign the form. (remind)
	Anna reminded Jessica to sign the form.
•	Robert: What time will the office close this evening? (ask) Robert asked what time the office would close that evening.
1	A police officer to Christopher: Stop shouting. (tell)
2	Tessa: It was me. I ate all the cake yesterday. (admit)
2	Adrian: I'm sorry I was rude. (apologize)
3	
	Simon to Lucy: Would you like to join me for lunch? (invite)
3 4 5	Simon to Lucy: Would you like to join me for lunch? (invite) Martin to Isabelle: Did someone call at your flat an hour ago? (ask)

Test X Relative clauses

A De	ecide which word or phrase is correct.
•	What I really need is a long holiday. a) that b) what c) which d) who
1	At last I've found the information that I was looking a) for b) for it c) for that d) it
2	Everyone the building was searched by the police. a) enter b) entered c) entering d) enters
3	The planehas just taken off is an hour late. a) it b) what c) which d) who
4	I had just one reply. Abco was thecompany to reply to my email. a) last b) most c) only d) second
5	My friend Dan, works in the City, earns much more than I do. a) that b) which c) who d) whose
6	Martin is someone withI usually agree. a) him b) that c) who d) whom
7	I'd like to see the photo a) took b) you took it c) that you took d) that you took it
8	Pyeongchang is the city the Winter Olympics were held in 2018. a) that b) when c) where d) which
9	It rained all the time,was a great pity. a) that b) what c) which d) who
10	We passed shops windows were decorated for Christmas. a) the b) their c) which d) whose
B Ea	ach of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.
•	I've found the magazine who was missing. I've found the magazine that was missing.
1	This isn't the train on that I normally travel.
2	The letter that I opened it wasn't for me.
3	The reason because I didn't know was that no one had told me.
4	That we should do is call the police.
5	I didn't know the name of the man helped me.
6	Rupert knows the family who's house is for sale.
7	Einstein who failed his university entrance exam discovered relativity.
8	The person we talked to were very friendly.

9	It's the President makes the important decisions.
0	I can't find my diary, what is a real nuisance.
1	Outside the door was a pair of boots covering in mud.
2	Lake Superior, that lies on the US-Canadian border, is the largest lake in North America.
	mplete the story about a thief's punishment. Write the missing words. Use one word only each space.
	This is a true story • which is supposed to have happened somewhere in the US. A man 1 was accused of housebreaking appeared in court. He had put his arm through the window of a house and stolen some money 2 was lying on a table inside. The argument 3 the man's lawyer put forward wasn't very impressive. He said that 4 was the man's arm 5 had committed the crime and not the man himself. You cannot punish a man for 6 his arm has done,' said the lawyer. Now the judge in 7 court the man was appearing wanted to show how stupid the lawyer's argument was. Instead of finding the man guilty, he found the man's arm guilty and
	sent it to prison. 'He can go with his arm or not, as he chooses,' the judge added, ⁸ made everyone laugh. But ⁹ the judge didn't know was that the man had an artificial arm. He took the arm off, gave it to the judge – ¹⁰ could hardly believe his eyes – and walked out of the court.
Cc	mbine the two sentences into one.
*	That man was Anna's brother. He just walked past. The man who just walked past was Anna's brother.
1	The plane was 25 years old. It crashed. The plane25 years old.
2	One day Tessa was ill in bed. Martin called. The day ill in bed.
3	Our offices are in Queen Street. They are new. Ourin Queen Street.
4	Some documents have been found. They were stolen from a car. The documentsfound.
5	That map is out of date. You were looking at it. The mapout of date.
6	The King's Theatre is in the centre of town. It dates from 1896. The King's in the centre of town.
7	A woman was terribly upset. Her dog was run over. The womanterribly upset.
8	Jessica solved the puzzle. She did it before everyone else. Jessica was the puzzle.
9	A man was standing outside the building. He was selling newspapers. A manoutside the building.
0	The talk was very interesting. Julia gave it. The talk
1	The house is empty now. I used to live there. The house is empty now.
	0 1 2 Coin (Co) ↑ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

Test Y Conditionals and wish

A	Complete the news report about a protest against a new road. Put in the correct form of the
	verbs. Sometimes you need will or would.

Alison Compton defended the don't protest, soon * there'll be reporters. The bypass is now the work so often, 1	ne action by members of 2e (there well behind schedule, an (it / op	e Oldbury bypass. Protest leader if the Green World group. 'If we e / be) no countryside left,' she told and if the protesters had not held up ben) two months ago. 'If these fields be them again,' said Ms Compton.
		(travel)
	ldn't need new roads. If th	he car had never existed, the world
(they / not build) it soon, the whose house is beside the b remained the same, people's	traffic jams in the town v usy A34. 'We just can't lea health ⁶	ovill get worse,' said Asif Mohammed, ave things as they are. If things (suffer) even more
from all the pollution here. It	(I / go) mad If ⁸	(I / know) earlier how
it has become impossible to too long. If ¹⁰ traffic today.' And the protest	sell this house because o (they / do) sc : is making the new road	(I / know) earlier how (I / move) out years ago. But now of the traffic. The government waited comething sooner, there would be less even more expensive. 'If this goes on, on money left to finish the road,' says the

- **B** Look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.
 - A: There's always something going wrong with this car.
 - B: If you had any sense, you'd have sold it long ago.
 - a) be selling b) have sold c) sell d) sold
 - 1 A: It's a pity the lake wasn't frozen yesterday.
 - **B:** Yes, it is. If it _____ frozen, we could have gone skating.
 - a) had been b) was c) would be d) would have been
 - 2 A: Haven't you got enough money for a holiday?
 - B: Oh yes. I've got some saved up _____ I suddenly need it.
 - a) if b) in case c) that d) unless
 - 3 A: What are you going to do next year?
 - **B:** I wish I _____ the answer to that question.
 - a) knew b) know c) could know d) would know
 - 4 A: I don't know if I'll be able to find the place.
 - **B:** Yes, if _____ the satnav was working.
 - a) better b) only c) really d) that
 - 5 A: What are you doing later this afternoon?
 - B: Oh, the game finishes, I'll go home, I expect.
 - a) if b) in case c) unless d) when
 - 6 A: Do you think I should take the job?
 - **B:** You shouldn't do anything you think it's the right thing to do.
 - a) if b) in case c) unless d) when

•	I haven't got a key, so I can't get in.
	If I had a key, I could get in.
1	You talk about football and I'm going to be very bored.
2	The baby didn't cry, so we had a good sleep.
3	You may want a chat, so just call me.
4	Dan hasn't got satellite TV, so he can't watch the game.
5	You go away and I'll miss you.
5	I'm not rich or I'd have given up working long ago.
7	We should have bought that picture five years ago because it would be quite valuable now.
8	Throw a stone into water and it sinks.
٧	rite the second sentence correctly. There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette.
1	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here.
1	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette.
1 2	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here.
123	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here. The programme is starting soon. Can you tell me if it starts?
123	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here. The programme is starting soon. Can you tell me if it starts? Could you just listen? I didn't need to repeat things all the time if you listened.
1 1 3 4	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here. The programme is starting soon. Can you tell me if it starts? Could you just listen? I didn't need to repeat things all the time if you listened. It's a simple law of science. If air will get warmer, it rises.
1 2 3 4	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here. The programme is starting soon. Can you tell me if it starts? Could you just listen? I didn't need to repeat things all the time if you listened. It's a simple law of science. If air will get warmer, it rises. There's only one key. I'd better get another one made if I lose it.
• 1 2 3 4 5 5 7 -	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs. I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here. The programme is starting soon. Can you tell me if it starts? Could you just listen? I didn't need to repeat things all the time if you listened. It's a simple law of science. If air will get warmer, it rises. There's only one key. I'd better get another one made if I lose it. We were really late. I wish we left home earlier.
12345	There aren't any eggs. If we have some eggs, I could make an omelette. If we had some eggs, I could make an omelette. The weather doesn't look very good. If it'll rain, I'll stay here. The programme is starting soon. Can you tell me if it starts? Could you just listen? I didn't need to repeat things all the time if you listened. It's a simple law of science. If air will get warmer, it rises. There's only one key. I'd better get another one made if I lose it. We were really late. I wish we left home earlier. I hope the parcel comes today. If it won't arrive today, we'll have to complain.

Exit test

This test will help you to find out if there are parts of the book that you should look at again. Choose the correct answer – a), b), c) or d).

Words and sentences

1	We gave		a meal.	
	a) at the visitors	b) for the visitors	c) the visitors	d) to the visitors

Verbs

2	I'm busy at the moment on the computer. a) I work b) I'm work c) I'm working d) I working
3	My friend the answer to the question. a) is know b) know c) knowing d) knows
4	I think I'll buy these shoes really well. a) They fit b) They have fit c) They're fitting d) They were fitting
5	Where the car? a) did you park b) did you parked c) parked you d) you parked
6	At nine o'clock yesterday morning we for the bus. a) wait b) waiting c) was waiting d) were waiting
7	When I looked round the door, the baby quietly. a) is sleeping b) slept c) was sleeping d) were sleeping
8	Here's my report it at last. a) I finish b) I finished c) I'm finished d) I've finished
9	l've made some coffee. It's in the kitchen. a) ever b) just c) never d) yet
10	We to Ireland for our holidays last year. a) goes b) going c) have gone d) went
11	Rob ill for three weeks. He's still in hospital. a) had been b) has been c) is d) was
12	
13	I'm very tiredover 400 miles today. a) I drive b) I'm driving c) I've been driving d) I've driven
14	When Martin the car, he took it out for a drive. a) had repaired b) has repaired c) repaired d) was repairing
15	Jessica was out of breath because
16	Don't worry. I be here to help you. a) not b) shall c) willn't d) won't

17	Our friends meet us at the airport tonight. a) are b) are going to c) go to d) will be to
18	a party next Saturday. We've sent out the invitations. a) We had b) We have c) We'll have d) We're having
	I'll tell Anna all the news whenher. a) I'll see b) I'm going to see c) I see d) I shall see
20	At this time tomorrow over the Atlantic. a) we flying b) we'll be flying c) we'll fly d) we to fly
	Where's Rob? a shower? a) Does he have b) Has he c) Has he got d) Is he having
22	like that coat. It's really nice. a) am b) do c) very d) yes
Qι	uestions, negatives and answers
23	What's the weather like in Canada? How often there? a) does it snow b) does it snows c) snow it d) snows it
24	Which team the game? a) did it win b) did they win c) won d) won it
	What did you leave the meeting early $? \sim I \text{ didn't feel very well.}$ a) $away$ b) $because$ c) for d) $like$
26	Unfortunately the driver the red light. a) didn't saw b) didn't see c) no saw d) saw not
27	You haven't eaten your pudding it? a) Are you no want b) Do you no want c) Don't want you d) Don't you want
28	I really enjoyed the party. It was great,? a) is it b) isn't it c) was it d) wasn't it
29	Are we going the right way? ~ I think
Mo	odal verbs
30	The chemist's was open, so luckily I buy some aspirin. a) can b) can't c) did can d) was able to
31	Lucy has to work very hard. I do her job, I'm sure. a) can't b) couldn't c) don't d) shouldn't
32	We had a party last night spend all morning clearing up the mess. a) I must have b) I've been to c) I've had to d) I've must
33	There was no one else at the box office. I in a queue. a) didn't need to wait b) mustn't wait c) needn't have waited d) needn't wait
34	I carry that bag for you? ~ Oh, thank you. a) Do b) Shall c) Will d) Would
35	I've lost the key. I ought it in a safe place. a) that I put b) to be putting c) to have put d) to put

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36	We can't go along here because the road is a) been repaired b) being repaired c) repair d) repaired
37	The story I've just read a friend of mine. a) was written b) was written by c) was written from d) wrote
38	Some film stars be difficult to work with. a) are said b) are said to c) say d) say to
39	I'm going to go out and a) have cut my hair b) have my hair cut c) let my hair cut d) my hair be cut
Th	e infinitive and the -ing form
40	The driver was arrested for failing an accident. a) of report b) report c) reporting d) to report
41	Someone suggested for a walk. a) go b) going c) of going d) to go
	I can remembervoices in the middle of the night. a) hear b) heard c) hearing d) to hear
43	The police want anything suspicious. a) that we report b) us reporting c) us to report d) we report
44	We weren't sure or just walk in. a) should knock b) to knock c) whether knock d) whether to knock
45	It was too cold outside. a) the guests eating b) for the guests to eat c) that the guests should eat d) that the guests eat
46	Did you congratulate Tessa her exam? a) of passing b) on passing c) passing d) to pass
47	I didn't like it in the city at first. But now here. a) I got used to living b) I'm used to living c) I used to live d) I used to living
48	They raised the money simply for it. It was easy. a) asking b) by asking c) of asking d) with asking
49	As we walked past, we saw Dan his car. a) in washing b) to wash c) wash d) washing
No	ouns and articles (a/an and the)
50	I need to buy a) a bread b) a loaf bread c) a loaf of bread d) breads
51	My father is not only the town mayor, he runs, too. a) a business b) a piece of business c) business d) some business
52	The produced at our factory in Scotland. a) good are b) good is c) goods are d) goods is

53	I'm looking for to cut this string. a) a pair scissors b) a scissor c) a scissors d) some scissors				
54	I was watching TV at home when suddenly rang. a) a doorbell b) an doorbell c) doorbell d) the doorbell				
55	l've always liked a) Chinese food b) food of China c) some food of China d) the Chinese food				
56	In England most children go at the age of five. a) school b) to school c) to some schools d) to the school				
57	We haven't had a holiday fortime. a) a so long b) so a long c) such a long d) such long				
58	Our friends have a house in a) a West London b) the West London c) West London d) West of London				
Th	is, my, some, a lot of, all, etc.				
59	It's so boring here. Nothing ever happens in place. a) that b) these c) this d) those				
60	ls that my key, or is it? a) the yours b) the your's c) your d) yours				
61	Adrian takes no interest in clothes. He'll wear a) a thing b) anything c) something d) thing				
62	There's use in complaining. They probably won't do anything about it. a) a few b) a little c) few d) little				
63	I don't want to buy any of these books. I've got a) all b) all them c) everything d) them all				
Pro	onouns				
64	Let's stop and have a coffee a café over there, look. a) Is b) It's c) There d) There's				
65	Everyone in the group shook hands with a) each other b) one other c) one the other d) themselves				
66	The washing machine has broken down again. I think we should get a) a new b) a new one c) new d) new one				
67	All the guests were dancing having a good time. a) All were b) Every was c) Everyone was d) Someone were				
Ad	ljectives and adverbs				
68	The house was building. a) a nice old stone b) a nice stone old c) a stone old nice d) an old nice stone				
69	The government is doing nothing to help a) poor b) the poor c) the poors d) the poor ones				

70	The young man seems very a) sensible b) sensiblely c) sensibley d) sensibly					
71	I missed the bus. I was only just in time to catch it.					
	a) mostly b) near c) nearest d) nearly					
	This detailed map is the atlas.					
	a) more useful as b) more useful than c) usefuller as d) usefuller than					
73	This place gets crowded with tourists every summer. a) always more b) crowded and more c) from more to more d) more and more					
74	Yes, I have got the reportit. a) I just am reading b) I'm just reading c) I'm reading just d) Just I'm reading					
75	I've read this paragraph three times, and I understand it.					
	a) can't still b) can't yet c) still can't d) yet can't					
76	We're really sorry. We regret what happened a) a bit b) much c) very d) very much					
Pre	epositions					
77	The village is Sheffield. It's only six miles away. a) along b) by c) near d) next					
78	You can see the details the screen. a) at b) by c) in d) on					
79	I've got a meeting Thursday afternoon. a) at b) in c) on d) to					
80	We've lived in this flat five years. a) ago b) already c) for d) since					
81	This car is, if you're interested in buying it. a) for sale b) in sale c) at sale d) to sell					
82	Polly wants to cycle round the world. She's really keen the ide a) about b) for c) on d) with					
Ve	erbs with prepositions and adverbs					
83	I prefer dogs cats. I hate cats. a) from b) over c) than d) to					
84	My father used the money he won to set his own company. a) forward b) on c) out d) up					
85	Don't go too fast. I can't keepyou. a) on to b) on with c) up to d) up with					

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86	Someone the tickets are free. a) said me b) said me that c) told me d) told to me
87	Last week Justin said 'I'll do it tomorrow.' He said he would do it a) the following day b) the previous day c) tomorrow d) yesterday
88	I don't know why Isabelle didn't go to the meeting. She said she definitely going. a) be b) is c) was d) would
89	The librarian asked us so much noise. a) don't make b) not make c) not making d) not to make
Re	lative clauses
90	What's the name of the man gave us a lift? a) he b) what c) which d) who
91	What was that notice? a) at that you were looking b) you were looking at c) you were looking at it d) which you were looking
	Lucy is the woman husband is in hospital. a) her b) hers the c) whose d) whose the
93	York, last year, is a nice old city. a) I visited b) that I visited c) which I visited d) whom I visited
94	The accident was seen by some people at a bus stop. a) waited b) waiting c) were waiting d) who waiting
Со	nditionals and wish
95	If my passport, I'll be in trouble. a) I lose b) I'll lose c) I lost d) I would lose
96	I haven't got a ticket. If one, I could get in. a) I'd have b) I had c) I have d) I've got
97	If the bus to the airport hadn't been so late, we the plane. a) caught b) had caught c) would catch d) would have caught
98	If only peoplekeep sending me bills! a) don't b) shouldn't c) weren't d) wouldn't
Lir	nking words
99	I just had to take the dog out of the awful weather. a) although b) despite c) even though d) in spite
100	Anna put the electric fire onwarm. a) for getting b) in order get c) so she gets d) to get